

# **Standing Orders**

Adopted 15 December 2016

(Amendment made 9 March 2017)

(Amendment made 31 January 2019)

# 14. Public Forums

Public forums are a defined period of time, usually at the start of a meeting, which, at the discretion of a meeting, is put aside for the purpose of public input. Public forums are designed to enable members of the public to bring matters to the attention of the local authority.

In the case of a committee, subcommittee, local or community board, any issue, idea or matter raised in a public forum must also fall within the terms of reference of that meeting.

# 14.14 Time limits

A period of up to 30 minutes, or such longer time as the meeting may determine, will be available for the public forum at each scheduled local authority meeting.

Speakers can speak for up to 3 minutes. No more than two speakers can speak on behalf of an organisation during a public forum. Where the number of speakers presenting in the public forum exceeds 6 in total, the Chairperson has discretion to restrict the speaking time permitted for all presenters.

# **14.15 Discretionary** restrictions

The Chairperson has the discretion to decline to hear a speaker or to terminate a presentation at any time where:

- a speaker is repeating views presented by an earlier speaker at the same public forum;
- the speaker is criticising elected members and/or staff;
- the speaker is being repetitious, disrespectful or offensive;
- the speaker has previously spoken on the same issue;
- the matter is subject to legal proceedings.

# 14.15A Mandatory restrictions

In order to preserve the integrity of the hearings process, the Chairperson must decline to hear a speaker or terminate a presentation at any time where the speaker wishes to discuss or is discussing a matter that is subject to a hearing, including the hearing of submissions where the local authority, committee or hearings panel sits in a quasi-judicial capacity.

# 14.16 Questions at public forums

At the conclusion of the presentation, with the permission of the Chairperson, elected members may ask questions of speakers. Questions are to be confined to obtaining information or clarification on matters raised by a speaker.

#### 14.17 No resolutions

Following the public forum no debate or decisions will be made at the meeting on issues raised during the forum unless related to items already on the agenda.

# 15. Deputations

The purpose of a deputation is to enable a person, group or organisation to make a presentation to a meeting on a matter or matters covered by that meeting's terms of reference. Deputations are approved by the Chairperson or an official with delegated authority.

#### 15.1 Time limits

Speakers can speak for up to 5 minutes. No more than two speakers can speak on behalf of an organisation's deputation.

## **15.2 Discretionary** restrictions

The Chairperson has the discretion to decline to hear or terminate a deputation at any time where:

- a speaker is repeating views presented by an earlier speaker at the meeting;
- the speaker is criticising elected members and/or staff;
- the speaker is being repetitious, disrespectful or offensive;
- the speaker has previously spoken on the same issue;
- the matter is subject to legal proceedings.

# 15.2A Mandatory restrictions

In order to preserve the integrity of the hearings process, the Chairperson must decline to hear a speaker or terminate a presentation at any time where the speaker wishes to discuss or is discussing a matter that is subject to a hearing, including the hearing of submissions where the local authority, committee or hearings panel sits in a quasi-judicial capacity.

# 15.3 Questions of a deputation

At the conclusion of the deputation members may, with the permission of the Chairperson, ask questions of speakers. Questions are to be confined to obtaining information or clarification on matters raised by the deputation.

# 15.4 Resolutions

Any debate on a matter raised in a deputation must occur at the time at which the matter is scheduled to be discussed on the meeting agenda, and once a motion has been moved and seconded.

## 16. Petitions

# **16.1** Form of petitions

Petitions may be presented to the local authority or any of its committees, local boards or community boards. Petitions must contain at least 20 signatures and consist of fewer than 150 words (not including signatories). They must be received by the chief executive at least 5 working days before the date of the meeting at which they will be presented.

Petitions must not be disrespectful, use offensive language or include malicious statements (see standing order 19.9 on qualified privilege). They may be written in English or te reo Māori. Petitioners planning to make a petition in te reo Māori or sign language should advise the relevant Chairperson at least two working days before the meeting to enable the petition be translated and reprinted, if necessary.