36 Noise

This table identifies provisions subject to and consequentially affected by appeals:

Provision Subject To Appeal (identified in red text in the relevant chapter/s)	Appellant Court Number	Consequentially Affected Provisions
36.5 Table 2	Cardrona Alpine Resort Limited ENV-2018-CHC-117 (relief withdrawn)	
Rule 36.5.2	Real Journeys Limited ENV 2018 CHC 117 (consent order issued) Real Journeys (trading as Go Orange Limited) ENV-2018-CHC-138 (consent order issued)	
Rule 36.5.10	Arthurs Point Protection Society Incorporated ENV-2018-CHC-067 (consent order issued) Fairfax & Others ENV-2018-CHC-096 (consent order issued)	Rule 36.5.11
	Aircraft Owners and Pilots and Owners Association (NZ) Incorporated ENV 2019 CHC 132 (consent order issued) Te Anau Developments Limited	
	ENV-2018-CHC-106 (further particulars received) (consent order issued) Cardrona Alpine Resort Limited ENV-2018-CHC-117 (relief withdrawn)	
Rule 36.5.11	Te Anau Developments Limited ENV-2018-CHC-106 (further particulars received) (consent order issued)	
Rule 36.5.13	Real Journeys Limited ENV-2018-CHC-117 (consent order issued) Real Journeys (trading as Go Orange Limited) ENV-2018-CHC-138 (consent order issued)	
Rule 36.6.1	Queenstown Airport Corporation Limited ENV 2018 CHC 093 (consent order issued)	
Rule 36.7, Table 5	Annemieke Wright ENV-2018-CHC-105 (relief withdrawn)	

Mark Richter	
ENV-2018-CHC-110	
(appeal withdrawn)	

This table identifies new provisions sought to be added:

Appellant Court Number	Provision/s Sought to be Added into Chapter 3
Cardrona Alpine Resort Limited ENV-2018-CHC-117 (relief amended)	Amend Rule 36.5 so that the non-conforming status is Discretionary and not Non Complying, in the Cardrona Alpine Resort Sub Zone (including any extensions to the current ski area subzone at Cardrona to give effect to other relief sought in appeals).
Real Journeys Limited ENV 2018 CHC 117 (consent order issued)	Insert inclusion in Rules – Activities Section 36.4 – Table 1 for noise from vessels as a Permitted Activity
Real Journeys (trading as Go Orange Limited) ENV-2018-CHC-138 (consent order issued)	
Real Journeys Limited ENV-2018-CHC-117 (consent order issued)	Insert exclusion from the Standards in Section 36.5 – Table 2 for noise emitted from vessels operating low or moderate speed passenger transport services.
Real Journeys (trading as Go Orange Limited) ENV-2018-CHC-138 (consent order issued)	
Lake Hayes Cellar Ltd ENV-2019-CHC-087	Site-specific relief as part of a Wakatipu Basin rezoning requested in Stage 2: Insert new Rule 36.5.2A in Table 36.5 as follows:
	36.5.2A Lakes Hayes Cellar Precinct Any point within the site 0800h to 2000h 50 dB LAeq(15 min) 2000h to 0800h 40 dB LAeq(15 min) 75 dB LAFmax (Non-compliance status: RD) Discretion is restricted to the extent of effects of noise generated on adjoining zones
Lake Hayes Cellar Ltd ENV-2019-CHC-087	Site-specific relief as part of a Wakatipu Basin rezoning requested in Stage 2: Amend Rule 36.5.1 as follows:
	36.5.1 Wakatipu Basin Rural Amenity Zone, except within the Lakes Hayes Cellar Precinct
Middleton Family Trust ENV-2019-CHC-055	Site-specific relief as part of a Wakatipu Basin rezoning requested in Stage 2: Insert new Rule for noise within the proposed Tucker Beach Residential Precinct, as follows: 36.5.32 Tucker Beach Residential Precinct Any point within any site 0800h to 2000h 50 dB LAeq(15 min) NC
Cardrona Cattle Company Limited ENV-2021-CHC-034	Site-specific relief as part of a requested rezoning: Add site specific objectives, policies, rules and other methods to provide for the Victoria Flats industrial zone

Note: the annotations in this chapter reflect the Council's interpretation of the provisions affected by appeals

36.1 Purpose

The purpose of this chapter is to manage the effects of noise in the District. Noise is part of the environment. While almost all activities give rise to some degree of noise, noise can cause adverse effects on amenity values and the health and wellbeing of people and communities. Adverse effects may arise where the location, character, frequency, duration, or timing of noise is inconsistent or incompatible with anticipated or reasonable noise levels.

The Resource Management Act 1991 (RMA) requires every occupier of land and every person carrying out an activity to adopt the best practicable option to ensure noise does not exceed a reasonable level. The RMA also defines noise to include vibration. "Reasonable" noise levels are determined by the standard of amenity and ambient noise level of the receiving environment and the Council provides direction on this through the prescription of noise limits for each Zone. Noise is also managed by the Council through the use of relevant New Zealand Standards for noise. Land use and development activities, including activities on the surface of lakes and rivers, should be managed in a manner that avoids, remedies or mitigates the adverse effects of noise to a reasonable level.

In most situations, activities should consider the control of noise at the source and the mitigation of adverse effects of noise on the receiving environment. However, the onus on the reduction of effects of noise should not always fall on the noise generating activity. In some cases it may be appropriate for the noise receiver to avoid or mitigate the effects from an existing noise generating activity, particularly where the noise receiver is a noise sensitive activity.

Overflying aircraft have the potential to adversely affect amenity values. The Council controls noise emissions from airports, including take-offs and landings, via provisions in this District Plan, and Designation conditions. However, this is different from controlling noise from aircraft that are in flight. The RMA which empowers territorial authorities to regulate activities on land and water affecting amenity values, does not enable the authorities to control noise from overflying aircraft. Noise from overflying aircraft is controlled under section 29B of the Civil Aviation Act 1990.

With the exception of ventilation requirements for the Queenstown and Wānaka town centres contained in Rule 36.7, and noise from water and motor-related noise from commercial motorised craft within the Queenstown Town Centre Waterfront Sub-Zone (which is subject to Rule 36.5.13) noise received within town centres is not addressed in this chapter, but rather in the Queenstown, Wānaka and Arrowtown Town Centre Zone chapters. This is due to the town centre-specific complexities of noise in those zones, and its fundamental nature as an issue that inter-relates with all other issues in those zones. Noise generated in the town centres but received outside of the town centres is managed under this chapter, except that noise from music, voice and loudspeakers in the Wānaka and Queenstown Town Centres (excluding the Queenstown Town Centre Transition Sub-Zone), need not meet the noise limits set by this chapter.

36.2 Objectives and Policies

36.2.1 Objective - The adverse effects of noise emissions are controlled to a reasonable level to manage the potential for conflict arising from adverse noise effects between land use activities.

Policies

36.2.1.1 Avoid, remedy or mitigate adverse effects of unreasonable noise from land use and development.

36.2.1.2 Avoid, remedy or mitigate adverse noise reverse sensitivity effects.

36.3 Other Provisions

36.3.1 District Wide

Attention is drawn to the following District Wide Chapters.

1 Introduction	2 Definitions	3 Strategic Direction
4 Urban Development	5 Tangata Whenua	6 Landscapes and Rural Character
25 Earthworks	26 Historic Heritage	27 Subdivision
28 Natural Hazards	29 Transport	30 Energy and Utilities
31 Signs	32 Protected Trees	33 Indigenous Vegetation
34 Wilding Exotic Trees	35 Temporary Activities and Relocated Buildings	37 Designations
District Plan web mapping application		

36.3.2 Interpreting and Applying the Rules

- 36.3.2.1 Any activity that is not Permitted requires resource consent. Any activity that does not specify an activity status for non-compliance but breaches a standard, requires resource consent as a Non-complying activity.
- 36.3.2.2 Sound levels shall be measured and assessed in accordance with NZS 6801:2008
 Acoustics Measurement of Environmental Sound and NZS 6802:2008 Acoustics Environmental Noise, except where another Standard has been referenced in these rules, in which case that Standard should apply.
- 36.3.2.3 Any activities which are Permitted, Controlled or Restricted Discretionary in any section of the District Plan must comply with the noise standards in Tables 2, 3, 4 and 5 below, where that standard is relevant to that activity. Where the noise is from Plantation Forestry the Resource Management (National Environment Standard for Plantation Forestry) Regulations 2017 shall prevail.
- In addition to the above, the noise from the activities listed in Table 1 shall be Permitted activities in all zones (unless otherwise stated). For the avoidance of doubt, the activities in Table 1 are exempt from complying with the noise standards set out in Table 2.
- 36.3.2.5 Notwithstanding compliance with Rules 36.5.13 (Helicopters) and 36.5.14 (Fixed Wing Aircraft) in Table 3, informal airports shall also be subject to the rules in the chapters relating to the zones in which the activity is located.
- 36.3.2.6 Sound from non-residential activities, visitor accommodation activities and sound from stationary electrical and mechanical equipment must not exceed the noise limits in Table 2 in each of the zones in which sound from an activity is received. The noise limits in Table 2 do not apply to assessment locations within the same site as the activity.

- 36.3.2.7 The noise limits contained in Table 2 do not apply to sound from aircraft operations at Queenstown Airport or Wānaka Airport.
- 36.3.2.8 Noise standards for noise received in the Queenstown, Wānaka and Arrowtown Town Centre, Local Shopping and Business Mixed Use zones are not included in this chapter. Please refer to Chapters 12, 13,14, 15 and 16. The noise standards in this chapter still apply for noise generated within these zones but received in other zones, except that noise from music, voices, and loud speakers in the Wānaka and Queenstown Town Centres (excluding the Queenstown Town Centre Transition Sub-Zone) need not meet the noise limits set by this chapter.
- 36.3.2.9 The standards in Table 3 are specific to the activities listed in each row and are exempt from complying with the noise standards set out in Table 2.
- 36.3.2.10 The following abbreviations are used in the tables:

Р	Permitted	С	Controlled
D	Discretionary	NC	Non-Complying

36.4 Rules - Activities

Table 1 - Permitted Activities

Rule Number	Permitted Activities	
36.4.1	Sound from vehicles on public roads or trains on railway lines (including at railway yards, railway sidings or stations).	Р
36.4.2	Any warning device that is activated in the event of intrusion, danger, an emergency or for safety purposes, provided that vehicle reversing alarms are a broadband directional type.	
36.4.3	36.4.3 Sound arising from fire stations (including rural fire stations), fire service appliance sirens and call-out sirens for volunteer brigades.	
36.4.4	36.4.4 Sound from temporary military training activities.	
36.4.5 In the Rural Zone and the Gibbston Character Zone and to Valley Resort Zone, sound from farming and forestry activities bird scaring devices, other than sound from stationary stationary equipment.		P
36.4.6	Sound from telecommunications cabinets in road reserve.	Р
36.4.7	Sound from emergency and backup electrical generators: a. operating for emergency purposes or; b. operating for testing and maintenance for less than 60 minutes each month during a weekday between 0900 and 1700.	Р

Rule Number	Permitted Activities	Activity Status
	For the purpose of this rule backup generators are generators only used when there are unscheduled outages of the network (other than routine testing or maintenance provided for in (b) above).	

36.5 Rules- Standards

Rule 36.5 and relief sought	Appellant Court Number	Consequentially Affected Provisions
Amend standards in 36.5 so that the noise limits can be measured as Lmax rather than Ldn	Cardrona Alpine Resort Limited ENV 2018 CHC 117 (relief withdrawn)	

Table 2: General Standards

Rule	General Standards				Non-
Number	Zone sound is received in	Assessment location	Time	Noise Limits	compliance Status
36.5.1	Wakatipu Basin Rural Amenity Zone	Any point within the notional boundary of a residential unit.	0800h to 2000h	50 dB L _{Aeq(15 min)}	NC
	Rural Zone (Note: refer 36.5.14 for noise received		2000h to 0800h	40 dB L _{Aeq(15 min)}	NC
	in the Rural Zone from the Airport Zone -				
	Queenstown).			75 dB L _{AFmax}	
	Gibbston Character Zone				
	Airport Zone – Wānaka				
	Gibbston Valley Resort Zone - AA1, AA2, AA4, AA7, PL, LMA and OSR Activity Areas				

Rule Number	General Standards				
	Zone sound is received in	Assessment location	Time	Noise Limits	compliance Status
36.5.2	Wakatipu Basin Lifestyle Precinct Hills Resort Zone (Note: for noise received in the Hills Resort Zone, the noise limits specified do not apply to noise from activities within the Hills Resort Zone)		0800h to 2000h	50 dB L _{Aeq(15 min)}	NC
	Hogans Gully Resort Zone (Note: for noise received in the Hogans Gully Resort Zone, the noise limits specified do not apply to noise from activities within the Hogans Gully Resort Zone)		2000h to 0800h	40 dB L _{Aeq(15 min)}	NC
	Low, Medium, and High Density and Large Lot Residential Zones (Note: refer 36.5.14 for noise received in the Residential Zones from the Airport Zone - Queenstown).				
	Arrowtown Residential Historic Management Zone				
	Settlement Zone				
	Rural Residential Zone				
	Rural Lifestyle Zone				
	Waterfall Park Zone				
	Millbrook Resort Zone - Residential Activity Areas only				

Rule Number	General Standards				Non- compliance	
	Zone sound is received in	Assessment location		Time	Noise Limits	Status
	Jacks Point Zone- Residential Activity Areas only Open Space and Recreation Zones, except the Civic Spaces Zone where it adjoins the Queenstown, Wānaka, or Arrowtown Town Centre Zones Gibbston Valley Resort Zone – AA3, AA5, AA6 and AA8. Rural Visitor Zone					
Rule 36.5	i.2 and relief sought		Appellant Court Nun		Consequentially Affe	ected
Delete Ru	ule 36.5.2		ENV-2018 (consent c Real Journ Orange Lir ENV-2018	order issued) neys (trading as Go mited)		
36.5.3	Airport Zone - Queenstown	At any point within the zone.	-	Any time	No limit	Р
36.5.4	Jacks Point Zone - Village Activity Area only	Any point within any site.		0800h to 2200h	60 dB L _{Aeq(15 min)}	NC
				2200h to 0800h	50 dB L _{Aeq(15 min)}	NC

Rule Number	General Standards				Non- compliance
	Zone sound is received in	Assessment location	Time	Noise Limits	Status
36.5.5	Givic Spaces Zone where it adjoins the Queenstown, Wānaka, or Arrowtown Town Centre Zones		0800h to 2200h	60 dB L _{Aeq(15 min)}	NC
			2200h to 0800h	50 dB L _{Aeq(15 min)}	NC
				75 dB LAFmax	

Table 3: Specific Standards

Rule Number	Specific Standards		Non- compliance Status
	Activity or sound source	Assessment location Time Noise	Limits
36.5.6	Certain Telecommunications Activities in Road Reserve The Resource Management (National Environmental Standards for Telecommunications Facilities "NESTF") Regulations 2008 provide for noise from telecommunications equipment cabinets located in the road reserve as a permitted activity, subject to the specified noise limits. The noise from the cabinet must be measured in accordance with NZS 6801: 2008 Acoustics — Measurement of environmental sound, the measurement must be adjusted in accordance with NZS 6801: 2008 Acoustics — Measurement of environmental sound to a free field incident sound level, and the adjusted measurement must be assessed in accordance with NZS 6802: 2008 Acoustics — Environmental noise.	16.5.6.1 Where a cabinet located in a road reserve in an area in which allows residential activities, the noise from the cabinet must be measured and assessed at 1 of the following points: a. if the side of a building containing a habitable room is within 4m of the closest boundary of the road reserve, the noise must be measured: i. at a point 1m from the side of the building; or ii. at a point in the plane of the side of the building; b. in any other case, the noise must be measured at a point that is: i. at least 3 m from the cabinet; and ii. within the legal boundary of land next to the part of the road reserve where the cabinet is located.	NESTF

Rule Number	Specific Standards	Non- compliance Status			
	Activity or sound source	Assessment location	Time	Noise Limits	
		36.5.6.2 Where a cabinet is located in a road reserve in an area in whic does not allow residential	,	60 dB L _{Aeq(5}	
		activities, the noise from the cabinet must be measured and assessed at 1 of the following points:	2200h to 0700h	65 dB L _{AFmax}	
		a. if the side of a building containing a habitable room is within 4 m of the closest boundary of the roserve, the noise must be measured:	of d		
		i. at a point 1 m from the side of the building; orii. at a point in the plane of the plane			
		side of the building; b. in any other case, the noise mu be measured at a point that is:	st		
		i. at least 3 m from the cabine and	t;		
		ii. within the legal boundary of land next to the part of the road reserve where the cabinet is located.	е		

Rule Number	Specific Standards	Non- compliance Status			
	Activity or sound source	Assessment location	Time	Noise Limits	
36.5.7	Wind Turbines Wind farm sound must be measured and assessed in accordance with NZS 6808:2010 Acoustics - Wind Farm Noise		Any time	40 dB L _{A90(10} min) or the background sound level L _{A90(10 min)} plus 5 dB, whichever is higher	NC
36.5.8	Audible Bird Scaring Devices The operation of audible devices (including gas guns, audible avian distress alarms and firearms for the purpose of bird scaring, and excluding noise arising from fire stations). In relation to gas guns, audible avian distress alarms and firearms no more than 15 audible events shall occur per device in any 60	than on the property in which the device is located or any residential unit or visitor accommodation activity within the Gibbston Valley Resort	Hours of daylight but not earlier than 0600h	65 dB L _{AE} shall apply to any one event	NC
	minute period. Each audible event shall not exceed three sound emissions from any single device within a 1 minute period and no such events are permitted during the period between sunset and sunrise the following day. The number of devices shall not exceed one device per 4 hectares of land in any single land holding, except that in the case of a		At any time	90 dB L _{AE} is received from any one noise event	

Rule Number	per Specific Standards							
	Activity or sound source	Assessment location	Time	Noise Limits				
	single land holding less than 4 hectares in area, one device shall be permitted.							

Rule Number	Specific Standards				Non- compliance Status
	Activity or sound source	Assessment location	Time	Noise Limits	
36.5.9	Frost fans Sound from frost fans.	At any point within the notional boundary of any residential unit, other than residential units on the same site as the activity, or any residential unit or visitor accommodation activity within the Gibbston Valley Resort Zone.	·	55 dB L _{Aeq (15 min)}	NC
36.5.10	Vibration Vibration from any activity shall not exceed the guideline values given in DIN 4150-3:1999 Effects of vibration on structures at any buildings on any other site.		Refer to relevant standard	Refer to relevant standard	NC

Rule Number	Specific Standards				Non- compliance Status
	Activity or sound source	Assessment location	Time	Noise Limits	
36.5.11	Land Use Planning for Helicopter Landing Areas. In assessing noise from helicopters using NZS 6807: 1994 any individual helicopter flight movement, including continuous idling occurring between an arrival and departure, shall be measured and assessed so that the sound energy that is actually received from that movement is conveyed in the Sound Exposure Level (SEL) for the movement when	For any landing area in the Hills Resort Zone, the assessment location is any point within the notional boundary of a residential unit outside the Hills Resort Zone. For any landing area in the Hogans Gully Resort Zone, the assessment location is any point within the notional boundary of a residential unit outside the Hogans Gully Resort Zone. *Note: The applicable noise limit in this rule and in rule 36.5.12 below for informal airports/landing strips used by a combination of both fixed wing and helicopters shall be determined by an appropriately qualified acoustic engineer on the basis of the dominant aircraft type to be used.			
	36.5.11.1 All locations except identified in 36.5.11.2		At all times	50 dB L _{dn}	NC

Rule Number	Specific Standards	Non- compliance Status			
	Activity or sound source	Assessment location	Time	Noise Limits	_
	36.5.11.2 Lower Density Suburban Residential Zone, Medium Density Residential Zone, High Density Residential Zone, Arrowtown Residential Historic Management Zone, Large Lot Residential Zone, Rural Zone, Rural Residential Zone and Rural Lifestyle Zone. Advice Note: Rule 36.5.11.2 shall not apply to helicopter noise associated with use of an informal airport permitted under Rules 21.10.2 and 21.10.3.		At all times	40 dB L _{dn}	NC
Rule 36.5.10 and I	relief sought		Appellant Court Number		nsequentially Affected ovisions

Rule 36.5.10 and relief sought	Appellant Court Number	Consequentially Affected Provisions
Retain the Leq method of defining noise levels instead of using the Ldn 24 hour averaging of helicopter noise.	Arthurs Point Protection Society Incorporated ENV-2018-CHC-067 (consent order issued)	
Amend Rule 36.5.10 as follows: - Measure R36.5.10 as Lmax (for the Rural Zone / Wakatipu Basin informal airports); - Apply a 60dB noise limit (for the Rural Zone / Wakatipu Basin informal airports); - Amend non-compliance status of R36.5.10 Discretionary (for the Rural Zone / Wakatipu Basin informal airports).	Fairfax & Others ENV-2018-CHC-096 (consent order issued)	Rule 36.5.11
Amend Rule 36.5.10 as follows: - Apply a 60dB noise limit (for the Rural Zone / Wakatipu Basin informal airports); - Amend non-compliance status of R36.5.10 Discretionary (for the Rural Zone / Wakatipu Basin informal airports).	Aircraft Owners and Pilots and Owners Association (NZ) Incorporated ENV-2019-CHC-132 (consent order issued)	

Rule Number	Specific Standards	Non- compliance Status			
	Activity or sound source	Assessment location	Time	Noise Limits	_
Measure noise stand	lards as Lmax rather than Ldn in respect of fixed wing	g and helicopter standards in Table 3.	Te Anau Develo Limited ENV 2018 CHC (as per further preceived) (consent order)	106 particulars	
2922:2000 and ISO 1	e 36.5.13 so that non-conformance is a discretionary 4509 1:2008 are applied in respect of Ski Area Sub Zo I from helicopters) within SASZs will not be a non cou	ones. Amend the rule to ensure that the use of	Cardrona Alpino Limited ENV-2018-CHC- (relief withdraw	117	
Wakatipu Basin Lifes	to: 1. Apply a 60dB noise limit for informal airports v tyle Precinct; and 2. Amend the non-compliance stat I Amenity Zone and Wakatipu Basin Lifestyle Precinc	us to Discretionary for informal airports within the	Fairfax A ENV-2019-CHC- (consent order i Aircraft Owners Association (NZ ENV-2019-CHC	and Pilots	
36.5.12	Fixed Wing Aircraft	At any point within the notional boundary	(consent order	55 dB L _{dn}	NC
30.3.12	Sound from airports/landing strips for fix wing aircraft must be measured a assessed in accordance with NZS 6805:19	any residential unit and at any point within residential site other than residential units of the same site as the activity. *Note: The applicable noise limit in this rule and in rule 36.5.11 above for informalization airports/landing strips used by a combination of both fixed wing and helicopters shall light determined by an appropriately qualified acoustic engineer on the basis of the dominant aircraft type to be used	ale ale on be	33 UB Ldn	INC

Rule Number	Specific Standards					Non- compliance Status
	Activity or sound source	Assessment location	Time	Noise Limi	its	
Rule 36.5.11 and reli	ef sought		Appellant Court Number		Consec Provisi	quentially Affected ons
Measure noise stand	ards as Lmax rather than Ldn in respect of fixed wing and	d helicopter standards in Table 3.	Te Anau Developme Limited ENV-2018-CHC-106 (further particulars i			
36.5.13	Construction Noise Construction sound must be measured and assessed in accordance with NZS 6803:1999 Acoustics - Construction Noise. Construction sound must comply with the recommended upper limits in Tables 2 and 3 of NZS 6803. Construction sound must be managed in accordance with NZS 6803.		Refer to relevant standard	Refer relevant standard	to	D
36.5.14	Commercial Motorised Craft (excluding public water ferry services and the TSS Earnslaw) Sound from motorised craft must be measured and assessed in accordance with ISO 2922:2000 and ISO 14509-1:2008.		0800 to 2000h 2000h to 0800h	77 dB L _{ASm}		NC

Rule Number	Specific Standards						Non- compliance Status	
	Acti	ivity or sound source		Assessment location	Time		Noise Limits	
		Rule 36.5.13 and relief sought	Appellant Court Number	er		Consec Provisi	quentially Affected ons	
		Delete Rule 36.5.13	Real Journey ENV 2018 CI (consent ord Real Journey ENV 2018 CI (consent ord	IC 131 er issued) 's (trading as Go Orange Limited) IC 138				
36.5.1	mot	lic water ferry services S torised craft must be mea essed in accordance with ISO	ound from asured and	25 metres from the craft	220	00h to 200h 00h to 700h	77 dB L _{ASmax} 67 dB L _{ASmax}	RD Discretion is restricted to the following matters: a. The degree to which the activity supports an efficient and convenient passenger transport service. b. As relevant to noise effects: i. The degree to which the noise limited is exceeded; ii. The frequency and timing of craft movements, in particular between

Rule Number	Specific Standards				Non- compliance Status
	Activity or sound source	Assessment location	Time	Noise Limits	
					2200 and 0700 hours; iii. The proximity of the craft route to sensitive receivers; iv. The nature of the ambient noise environment; v. The degree to which noise effects can practicably be avoided, remedied or mitigated, including by noise attenuation of the craft; and vi. Cumulative effects in conjunction with other surface water-based activities. c. Location monitoring mechanisms of the craft and availability of records for Council inspection.
36.5.16	·	At any point within the Residential Zone and at any point within the notional boundary in the Rural Zone.	0700h to 2200h	55 dB Aeq(15 min)	RD Discretion is restricted to the extent of effects of

Rule Number	Specific Standards					Non- compliance Status	
	Activity or sound source	Assessment location	Time	Noise Limits			
	operations that are subject to the Queenstown Airport Designation No.2.		2200h to 0700h	45 dB _{Aeq(15} min) 70 dB _{AFmax}	noise generated adjoining zones.	or	
36.5.17	Sound from activities in the General Industrial and Service Zone. Note: For the purpose of this rule, a road that is located outside this zone is not deemed to be a "site outside this zone" and, as such, the noise levels specified in a above may be exceeded on road reserves adjacent to this zone.		Refer to standard relevant to the zone in which noise is received.		NC		
36.5.18	Sound from activities in the Coneburn Industrial Zone. Note: For the purpose of this rule, a road that is located outside this zone is not deemed to be a "site outside this zone" and, as such, the noise levels specified may be exceeded on road reserves adjacent to this zone.		Refer to standard relevant to the zone in which noise is received.		NC		

36.6 Airport Noise

36.6.1 Sound Insulation Requirements for the Queenstown and Wānaka Airport - Acceptable Construction Materials (Table 4).

The following table sets out the construction materials required to achieve appropriate sound insulation within the airport Air Noise Boundary (ANB) as shown on the District Plan web mapping application.

Building Element	Minimum Construction			
External Walls	Exterior Lining	Brick or concrete block or concrete, or 20mm timber or 6mm fibre cement		
	Insulation	Not required for acoustical purposes		
	Frame One layer of 9mm gypsum or plasterb an equivalent combination of exterior wall mass)			
Windows/Glazed Doors	Double-glazing with 4 mm thick panes separated by a cavity at least 12 mm wide			
Pitched Roof	Cladding	0.5mm profiled steel or masonry tiles or 6mm corrugated fibre cement		
	Insulation	100mm thermal insulation blanket/batts		
	Ceiling	1 layer 9mm gypsum or plaster board		
	<u> </u>			
	Rule 36.6.1 (Table 4) and sought	relief	Appellant Court Number	Consequentially Affected Provisions
	Amend Rule 36.6.1 (Table 4) 'Minimum Construction' 'Ceiling' as follows: 1 Layer 1mm 9mm gypsum or plasterboard		Queenstown Airport Corporation Limited ENV-2018-CHC-093 (consent order issued)	
Skillion Roof	Cladding	0.5mm profiled steel or 6mm fibre cement		fibre cement
	Sarking	None Required		
	Insulation	100mm thermal insulation blanket/batts		
	Ceiling	1 layer 9mm gypsum or plasterboard		erboard
External Door	Solid core door (min 24kg/m2) with weather seals			

Note: The specified construction materials in this table are the minimum required to meet the Indoor Design Sound Level. Alternatives with greater mass or larger thicknesses of insulation will be

acceptable. Any additional construction requirements to meet other applicable standards not covered by this rule (e.g. fire, Building Code etc.) would also need to be implemented.

36.6.2 Ventilation Requirements for the Queenstown and Wānaka Airport

The following applies to the ventilation requirements within the airport Outer Control Boundary (OCB) and Air Noise Boundary (ANB).

Critical Listening Environments must have a ventilation and cooling system(s) designed, constructed and maintained to achieve the following:

- a. an outdoor air ventilation system. The ventilation rate must be able to be controlled by the occupant in increments as follows:
 - i. a low air flow setting that provides air at a rate of between 0.35 and 0.5 air changes per hour. The sound of the system on this setting must not exceed 30dB L_{Aeg(30s)} when measured 2m away from any grille or diffuser;
 - ii. a high air flow setting that provides at least 5 air changes per hour. The sound of the system on this setting must not exceed 35 dB L_{Aeg(30s)} when measured 2m away from any grille or diffuser.
- b. the system must provide, either by outdoor air alone, combined outdoor air and heating/cooling system or by direct room heating / cooling:
 - i. cooling that is controllable by the occupant and can maintain the temperature within the Critical Listening Environment at no greater than 25°C; and
 - ii. heating that is controllable by the occupant and can maintain the temperature within the Critical Listening Environment at no less than 18°C; and
 - iii. the sound of the system when in heating or cooling mode must not exceed 35 dB LAeg(30s) when measured 2m away from any grille or diffuser.
- c. a relief air path must be provided to ensure the pressure difference between the Critical Listening Environments and outside is never greater than 30Pa;
- d. if cooling is provided by a heat pump then the requirements of (a)(ii) and (c) do not apply.

Note: Where there is an existing ventilation, heating and/or cooling system, and/or relief air path within a Critical Listening Environment that meets the criteria stated in the rule, the existing system may be utilised to demonstrate compliance with the rule.

36.7 Ventilation Requirements for other Zones (Table 5)

The following table (Table 5) sets out the ventilation requirements in the Wānaka and Queenstown Town Centre Zones, the Local Shopping Centre Zone, General Industrial and Service Zone, Coneburn Industrial Zone and the Business Mixed Use Zone.

Table 5

Room Type	Outdoor Air Ventilation Rate (Air Changes Room Type per Hour, ac/hr)		
	Low Setting	High Setting	
Bedrooms	1-2 ac/hr	Min. 5 ac/hr	
Other Critical Listening Environments	1-2 ac/hr	Min. 15 ac/hr	

Noise from ventilation systems shall not exceed 35 dB $L_{Aeq(1\,min)}$, on High Setting and 30 dB $L_{Aeq(1\,min)}$, on Low Setting. Noise levels shall be measured at a distance of to 2 m from any diffuser.

Each system must be able to be individually switched on and off and when on, be controlled across the range of ventilation rates by the occupant with a minimum of 3 stages.

Each system providing the low setting flow rates is to be provided with a heating system which, at any time required by the occupant, is able to provide the incoming air with an 18 °C heat rise when the airflow is set to the low setting. Each heating system is to have a minimum of 3 equal heating stages.

If air conditioning is provided to any space then the high setting ventilation requirement for that space is not required.

Section 36.7, Table 5 and relief sought	Appellant Court Number	Consequentially Affected Provisions
Amend Section 36.7, Table 5 to remove the presumption that the obligation to mitigate the effects of unreasonable noise rests with the noise receiver. Any mitigation obligation	Annemieke Wright ENV-2018-CHC-105 (relief withdrawn)	
should be imposed on a noise maker.	Mark Richter ENV 2018 CHC 110 (appeal withdrawn)	

36.8 Riverbank Road Structure Plan Area

36.8.1 Sound Insulation Requirements for compliance with Rule 7.5.23 - Acceptable Construction Materials (Table 1).

The following table sets out the construction materials required to achieve appropriate sound insulation in accordance with Rule 7.5.23.

Table 1:	Example	bedroom	constructions

	Minimum bedroom construction requirement	
30dB L _{Aeq(15)} reduction		
External walls		
Cladding	Minimum 70mm thick brick (or equivalent mass)	
Insulation	Minimum 75mm thick fibrous insulation	
Internal lining	Single layer of minimum 10mm thick plasterboard	
Windows/glazed doors	Double glazed aluminium joinery consisting of one minimum 6mm thick glass pane and one minimum 6.38mm thick laminated glass pane separated by a 12mm air gap, e.g. 6/12/6.38L. No more than 40% of external wall area	
Roof/ceiling		
Cladding	Minimum 0.55mm thick profiled steel	
Insulation	Minimum 75mm thick fibrous insulation	
Ceiling	Two layers of minimum 13mm thick high-density plasterboard (≥12 kg/m²) linings (e.g. 2x13mm GIB Noiseline)	
External doors	Solid core door (minimum 24 kg/m²) with full perimeter seals	
35dB L _{Aeq(15)} reduction		
External walls		
Cladding	Minimum 70mm thick brick (or equivalent mass)	
Insulation	Minimum 75mm thick fibrous insulation	
Internal lining Single layer of minimum 10mm thick pla		
Windows	Double glazed aluminium joinery consisting of one minimum 6mm thick glass pane and one minimun 10.76mm thick laminated glass pane separated by a 12mm air gap, e.g. 6/12/10.76L. No more than 20% of external wall area. No doors permitted	
Roof/ceiling		
Cladding	Minimum 0.55mm thick profiled steel	
Sarking	Minimum 9mm thick fibre cement board sarking (≥12 kg/m²) to entire dwelling roof, e.g. 9mm RAB board sarking	
Insulation Ceiling	Minimum 75mm thick fibrous insulation Two layers of minimum 13mm thick high-density plasterboard (≥12 kg/m²) linings (e.g. 2x13mm GIB Noiseline)	

Note: For the avoidance of doubt, where the windows need to be closed to achieve the internal design level it is not necessary to provide alternate ventilation.