24. Wakatipu Basin

24.1 Zone Purpose

This chapter applies to the Wakatipu Basin Rural Amenity Zone (Rural Amenity Zone) and its sub-zone, the Wakatipu Basin Lifestyle Precinct (Precinct). The purpose of the Zone is to maintain or enhance the character and amenity of the Wakatipu Basin, while providing for rural living and other activities.

The Rural Amenity Zone is applied to areas of the Wakatipu Basin which have either reached, or are nearing a threshold where further landscape modification arising from additional residential subdivision, use and development (including buildings) is not likely to maintain the Wakatipu Basin's landscape character and visual amenity values. There are some areas within the Rural Amenity Zone that have a landscape capacity rating to absorb additional development of Moderate, Moderate-High or High. In those areas limited and carefully located and designed additional residential subdivision and development is provided for while maintaining or enhancing landscape character and visual amenity values.

Other activities that rely on the rural land and landscape resource are contemplated in the Rural Amenity Zone including recreation, commercial and tourism activities. Farming activities are enabled while noting that farming is not the dominant activity in many locations.

The Precinct is applied to specific areas of land within the broader Rural Amenity Zone that have capacity to absorb rural living development. These areas have a variety of existing lot sizes and patterns of development, with landscape character also varying across the Precinct. This includes existing vegetation, including shelterbelts, hedgerows and exotic amenity plantings, which characterise certain areas. Within the Precinct, sympathetically located and well-designed rural living development. Which achieves minimum and average lot sizes, is anticipated, while still achieving the overall objectives of the Rural Amenity Zone.

While the Rural Amenity Zone does not contain Outstanding Natural Features or Outstanding Natural Landscapes, it is a distinctive and high amenity value landscape located adjacent to, or nearby to, Outstanding Natural Features and Outstanding Natural Landscapes. There are no specific setback rules for development adjacent to Outstanding Natural Features or Outstanding Natural Landscapes. However, all buildings (except small farm buildings) and subdivision require resource consent to ensure that inappropriate buildings and/or subdivision does not occur adjacent to those features and landscapes.

Escarpment, ridgeline and river cliff features are identified on the District Plan web mapping application. Buildings proposed within the prescribed setback of these features require assessment to ensure the values of these landscape features are maintained.

Integral to the management of the Rural Amenity Zone and Precinct is Schedule 24.8, which defines 24 Landscape Character Units. These Landscape Character Units are a tool that assists with the identification of the Basin's landscape character and visual amenity values that are to be maintained and enhanced.

Proposals in areas rated to have Very Low, Low or Moderate-Low development capacity are to be assessed against the landscape character and amenity values of the landscape character unit they are located within, as well as the Wakatipu Basin as a whole.

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Proposals in areas rated to have Moderate development capacity are to be assessed against the landscape character and amenity values of the landscape character unit they are located within. Controls on the location, scale and visual effects of buildings are used to provide a design led response to the character and values.

24.2 Objectives and Policies

Objectives 24.2.1 to 24.2.4 and related policies apply to both the Rural Amenity Zone and the Precinct except the following policies do not apply to the Precinct; 24.2.1.2. 24.2.1.4. 24.2.1.5. 24.2.1.7. 24.2.1.10. 24.2.1.13, 24.2.1.15 and 24.2.1.18. Objective 24.2.5 and related policies apply to the Precinct only.

24.2.1 Objective - Landscape character and visual amenity values in the Wakatipu Basin are maintained or enhanced.

Policies

- 24.2.1.1 Identify in Schedule 24.8 and on the planning maps the landscape capacity of areas outside of the Precinct to absorb subdivision and residential development according to the following rating scale:
 - a. Very Low capacity;
 - b. Low capacity;
 - c. Moderate-Low capacity;
 - d. Moderate capacity;
 - e. Moderate-High capacity; and
 - f. High capacity.
- 24.2.1.2 Subdivision or residential development in all areas outside of the Precinct that are identified in Schedule 24.8 to have Very Low, Low or Moderate-Low capacity must be of a scale, nature and design that:
 - a. is not inconsistent with any of the policies that serve to assist to achieve objective 24.2.1; and
 - b. ensures that the landscape character and visual amenity values identified for each relevant Landscape Character Unit in Schedule 24.8 and the landscape character of the Wakatipu Basin as a whole are maintained or enhanced by ensuring that the landscape capacity is not exceeded.
- 24.2.1.3 Subdivision or residential development in all areas of the Wakatipu Basin Rural Amenity Zone outside of the Precinct that are identified in Schedule 24.8 to have Moderate capacity must be of a scale, nature and design that:
 - a. is not inconsistent with any of the policies that serve to assist to achieve objective 24.2.1; and
 - b. ensures that the landscape character and visual amenity values of each relevant LCU as identified in Schedule 24.8 is maintained or enhanced by ensuring that landscape capacity is not exceeded.

- 24.2.1.4 Within those areas identified as having a landscape capacity rating of Moderate, do not allow any new residential development and subdivision for residential activity that is not located and designed so as to:
 - a. avoid sprawl along roads;
 - b. maintain a defensible edge to and not encroach into any area identified as having Moderate-low, Low or Very Low landscape capacity rating;
 - minimise incremental changes to landform and vegetation patterns associated with mitigation such as screen planting and earthworks which adversely affect important views of the landform and vegetation character identified for the relevant Landscape Character Units in Schedule 24.8; and
 - d. not degrade openness when viewed from public places if that is identified in Schedule 24.8 as an important part of the landscape character of the relevant area, including as a result of any planting or screening along roads or boundaries.
- 24.2.1.5 Ensure the following outcomes in the consideration of any proposal for subdivision or residential development:
 - a. (This has been left intentionally blank)
 - b. (This has been left intentionally blank)
 - c. in LCU 15 described in Schedule 24.8 as 'Hogans Gully' minimise the visibility of development from McDonnell Road, Centennial Avenue, Hogans Gully Road and the Queenstown Trail, and from elevated public places outside the Zone including from the Crown Range Road and Zig Zag lookout;
 - d. in LCU 22 described in Schedule 24.8 as 'Hills':
 - i. minimise the visibility of development from McDonnell Road, Centennial Avenue, Hogans Gully Road and the Queenstown trail; and
 - ii. ensure development is visually recessive from elevated public places outside the Zone including from the Crown Range Road and Zig Zag lookout.
 - e. (This has been left intentionally blank)
 - f. (This has been left intentionally blank)
 - g. In the part of LCU 24 outside Precinct and Arrowtown South Special Zone:
 - Minimise visibility of development from McDonnell Road and Centennial Road;
 - ii. Ensure development is visually recessive from elevated public places including Cotter Avenue and Tobins Track.
- 24.2.1.6 Ensure subdivision and development is designed (including accessways, services, utilities and building platforms) to minimise inappropriate modification to the natural landform.
- 24.2.1.7 Ensure that subdivision and development maintains or enhances the landscape character and visual amenity values identified in Schedule 24.8 Landscape Character Units.

- 24.2.1.8 Maintain or enhance the landscape character and visual amenity values of the Rural Amenity Zone including the Precinct and surrounding landscape context by:
 - controlling the colour, scale, form, coverage, location (including setbacks) and height of buildings and associated infrastructure, vegetation and landscape elements.
- 24.2.1.9 Require all buildings to be located and designed so that they do not compromise the landscape and amenity values and the natural character of Outstanding Natural Features and Outstanding Natural Landscapes that are either adjacent to the building or where the building is in the foreground of views from a public road or reserve of the Outstanding Natural Landscape or Outstanding Natural Feature.
- 24.2.1.10 Provide for farming, commercial, community, recreation, tourism related and other non-residential activities that rely on the rural land resource, subject to maintaining or enhancing landscape character and visual amenity values.
- 24.2.1.11 Locate, design operate and maintain regionally significant infrastructure so as to seek to avoid significant adverse effects on the character of the landscape, while acknowledging that location constraints and/or the nature of the infrastructure may mean that this is not possible in all cases.
- 24.2.1.12 In cases where it is demonstrated that regionally significant infrastructure cannot avoid significant adverse effects on the character of the landscape, such adverse effects shall be minimised.
- 24.2.1.13 Control earthworks and vegetation clearance to minimise adverse effects on landscape character and visual amenity values.
- 24.2.1.14 Enable residential activity within approved and registered building platforms subject to achieving appropriate standards.
- 24.2.1.15 Provide for activities that maintain a sense of spaciousness in which buildings are subservient to natural landscape elements.
- 24.2.1.15A Require buildings, or building platforms identified through subdivision, to maintain a staggered setback from McDonnell Road for all sites of the triangular Precinct that are located within 250m of the intersection of McDonnell Road and Arrowtown-Lake Hayes Road.
- 24.2.1.16 Manage lighting so that it does not cause adverse glare to other properties, roads or public places, or degrade views of the night sky.
- 24.2.1.17 Have regard to the spiritual beliefs, cultural traditions and practices of Tangata Whenua in the manner directed in Chapter 5: Tangata Whenua.
- 24.2.1.18 Ensure subdivision and development maintains a defensible edge between areas of rural living in the Precinct and the balance of the Rural Amenity Zone.
- 24.2.1.19 Require buildings, or building platforms identified through subdivision, to maintain views from roads to Outstanding Natural Features and the surrounding mountain Outstanding Natural Landscape context, where such views exist; including by:
 - a. implementing road setback standards; and

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- ensuring that earthworks and mounding, and vegetation planting within any road setback, particularly where these are for building mitigation and/or privacy, do not detract from views to Outstanding Natural Features or Outstanding Natural Landscapes; while
- c. recognising that for some sites, compliance with a prescribed road setback standard is not practicable due to the site size and dimensions, or the application of other setback requirements to the site.
- 24.2.2 Objective Non-residential activities maintain or enhance amenity values.

Policies

- 24.2.2.1 Ensure traffic, noise and the scale and intensity of non-residential activities do not have an adverse impact on landscape character and amenity values, or affect the safe and efficient operation of the roading and trail network or access to public places.
- 24.2.2.2 Ensure the effects generated by non-residential activities (e.g. traffic, noise, hours of operation) are compatible with surrounding uses.
- 24.2.2.3 Ensure non-residential activities other than farming, with the potential for nuisance effects from dust, visual, noise or odour effects, are located a sufficient distance from formed roads, neighbouring properties, waterbodies and any residential activity.
- 24.2.2.4 Ensure informal airports are located, operated and managed to maintain the surrounding rural amenity.
- 24.2.2.5 Provide for residential visitor accommodation and homestays within residential units without compromising the surrounding character and amenity and minimising conflict with surrounding activities by limiting the scale, intensity and frequency of these activities.
- 24.2.3 Objective Reverse sensitivity effects are avoided or mitigated where rural living opportunities, visitor and tourism activities, community and recreation activities occur.

Policies

- 24.2.3.1 Ensure informal airports are not compromised by the establishment of incompatible activities.
- 24.2.3.2 Ensure reverse sensitivity effects on rural living and non-residential activities are avoided or mitigated.
- 24.2.3.3 Support productive farming activities such as agriculture, horticulture and viticulture in the Rural Amenity Zone by ensuring that reverse sensitivity issues do not constrain productive activities.
- 24.2.4 Objective Subdivision and development, and use of land, maintains or enhances water quality, ecological quality, and recreation values while ensuring the efficient provision of infrastructure.

Policies

24.2.4.1 Avoid adverse cumulative impacts on ecosystem services and nature conservation values.

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- 24.2.4.2 Restrict the subdivision, development and use of land in the Lake Hayes catchment, unless it can contribute to water quality improvement in the catchment commensurate with the nature, scale and location of the proposal.
- 24.2.4.3 Provide for improved public access to, and the maintenance and enhancement of, the margins of waterbodies including Mill Creek and Lake Hayes.
- 24.2.4.4 Provide adequate firefighting water and emergency vehicle access to ensure an efficient and effective emergency response.
- 24.2.4.5 Ensure development has regard to servicing and infrastructure costs that are not met by the developer.
- 24.2.4.6 Facilitate the provision of walkway and cycleway networks and consider opportunities for the provision of bridle path networks.
- 24.2.4.7 Ensure traffic generated by non-residential development does not individually or cumulatively compromise road safety or efficiency.
- 24.2.4.8 Encourage the removal of wilding exotic trees.
- 24.2.4.9 Encourage the planting, retention and enhancement of indigenous vegetation that is appropriate to the area and planted at a scale, density, pattern and composition that enhances indigenous biodiversity values, particularly in locations such as gullies and riparian areas, or to provide stability.
- 24.2.5 Objective Rural living opportunities in the Precinct are enabled, provided landscape character and visual amenity values are maintained or enhanced.

Policies

- 24.2.5.1 Provide for rural living, subdivision, development and use of land in a way that maintains or enhances the landscape character and visual amenity values identified in Schedule 24.8 Landscape Character Units.
- 24.2.5.2 Ensure that any development or landscape modification occurs in a sympathetic manner in both developed and undeveloped areas, by promoting design-led and innovative patterns of subdivision and development that maintain or enhance the landscape character and visual amenity values of the Wakatipu Basin overall.
- 24.2.5.3 Provide for non-residential activities, including restaurants, visitor accommodation, commercial recreation, and recreation activities while ensuring these are appropriately located and of a scale and intensity that ensures that the character and visual amenity values of the Precinct are maintained or enhanced.
- 24.2.5.4 Implement lot size and development standards that provide for subdivision and development while ensuring the landscape character and visual amenity values of the Precinct, as identified in Schedule 24.8 Landscape Character Units, are not compromised by the cumulative adverse effects of development.
- 24.2.5.5 Encourage the retention and planting of vegetation that contributes to landscape character and visual amenity values of the Precinct, particularly where vegetation is identified as an important element in Schedule 24.8, provided it does not present a high risk of wilding spread.

- 24.2.5.6 Require buildings, or building platforms identified through subdivision, or any vehicle access located within a prescribed Escarpment. Ridgeline and River Cliff Features setback as identified on the District Plan web mapping application, to maintain the values of those features, including by:
 - a. ensuring that any buildings, earthworks and landform modification are located and designed so that the values of the feature are maintained; while
 - b. recognising that for some sites compliance with the prescribed setback is not practicable due to the site size and dimensions, presence of existing buildings, or the application of other setback requirements.
- 24.2.5.7 Within the Lifestyle Precinct in LCU24 South Arrowtown at McDonnell Road, when viewed from McDonnell Road, or distant public elevated viewpoints in Arrowtown, on Tobin's Track, and Feehley Hill:
 - a. avoid a linear pattern of built development where that may contribute to a perception of urban sprawl along McDonnell Road, taking into account building form, location, setback and mitigation proposed;
 - b. maintain an open space buffer and the visual legibility of the boundary between development within the Precinct and the Arrowtown Retirement Village.
- 24.2.5.8 For development within Lot 2 DP 392663, Part Lot 7 DP 392663, and Part Lot 2 DP 501981 (or subsequent title/s), avoid additional vehicle crossings onto McDonnell Road by utilising existing vehicle access through The Hills Resort Zone.

24.3 Other Provisions and Rules

24.3.1 District Wide

Attention is drawn to the following District Wide chapters.

1 Introduction	2 Definitions	3 Strategic Direction
4 Urban Development	5 Tangata Whenua	6 Landscapes
25 Earthworks	26 Historic Heritage	27 Subdivision
28 Natural Hazards	29 Transport	30 Energy and Utilities
31 Signs	32 Protected Trees	33 Indigenous Vegetation and Biodiversity
34 Wilding Exotic Trees	35 Temporary Activities and Relocated Buildings	36 Noise
37 Designations	District Plan web mapping application	

24.3.2 Interpreting and Applying the Rules

- 24.3.2.1 A permitted activity must comply with all of the rules (in this case of Chapter 24) and any relevant district wide rules.
- 24.3.2.2 The surface of lakes and rivers are zoned Rural.
- 24.3.2.3 Guiding Principle: Previous Approvals
 - a. Requirements relating to building platforms and conditions of consents, including landscaping or other visual mitigation, that are registered on a site's computer freehold register as part of a resource consent approval by the Council are considered by the Council to remain relevant and will remain binding unless altered or cancelled.
 - b. Applicants may apply to alter or cancel any conditions of an existing resource consent as a component of an application for resource consent for development. Whether it may be appropriate for the Council to maintain, or to alter or cancel these conditions shall be assessed against the extent to which a resource consent application accords with the objectives and provisions of the Wakatipu Basin Rural Amenity Zone and Wakatipu Basin Lifestyle Precinct (as applicable).
- 24.3.2.4 These abbreviations for the class of activity status are used in the following tables. Any activity which is not permitted (P) or prohibited (PR) requires resource consent.

Р	Permitted	С	Controlled
D	Discretionary	RD	Restricted Discretionary
PR	Prohibited	NC	Non-Complying

- 24.3.2.5 The Wakatipu Basin Lifestyle Precinct is a sub-zone of the Wakatipu Basin Rural Amenity Zone and all rules in Table 24.1 apply to the Precinct. Where specific rules and standards are identified for the Precinct, these prevail over the Rural Amenity Zone rules in Table 24.1.
- 24.3.2.6 All activities, including any listed permitted activities are subject to the rules and standards contained in Tables 24.1 and 24.2.
- 24.3.2.7 For Plantation Forestry the Resource Management (National Environmental Standard for Plantation Forestry) Regulation 2017 prevails.
- 24.3.2.8 Rules 24.5.1.1 to 24.5.1.5 do not apply to residential units, including residential flats, located within a building platform approved by resource consent, and registered on the applicable record of title.

24.3.3 Advice Notes

- 24.3.3.1 Clarifications of the meaning of root protection zone, minor trimming of a hedgerow, minor trimming and significant trimming are provided in Chapter 2 Definitions.
- 24.3.3.2 On-site wastewater treatment is subject to the Otago Regional Plan: Water. In particular, Rule 12.A.1.4 of the Otago Regional Plan: Water requires that within the Lakes Hayes

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Catchment all on-site wastewater treatment systems are operated in accordance with a resource consent obtained from the Otago Regional Council. The Lake Hayes Catchment is identified in Schedule 24.9.

- 24.3.3.3 All objectives, policies and assessment matters will be applicable as part of any subdivision application, to the extent that they are relevant, despite policies 24.2.1.15 and 24.2.5.6 referring to the terms subdivision and building platform specifically.
- 24.3.3.4 Compliance with the New Zealand Electrical Code of Practice for Electrical Safe Distances ("NZECP34:200") is mandatory under the Electricity Act 1992. All activities, such as buildings, earthworks and conductive fences regulated by NZECP34: 2001, including any activities that are otherwise permitted by the District Plan must comply with this legislation. Chapter 30 Energy and Utilities part 30.3.3.2.c has additional information in relation to activities and obligations under NZECP34:2001.

24.4 Rules – Activities

	Table 24.1 – Activities		Activity Status
24.4.1	Any activity	not listed in Table 24.1.	NC
24.4.2	Farming act	ivity.	Р
	Residential	activities and buildings	
24.4.3	The use of land or buildings for residential activity except as otherwise provided for in Table 24.1 and subject to the standards in Table 24.2.		Р
24.4.4	The alteration	on of any lawfully established building used for residential activity.	Р
24.4.5	24.4.5.1	The construction of buildings for residential activity, including residential flats, that are located within a building platform approved by a resource consent and registered on the applicable record of title. The construction of buildings for residential activity, including residential flats, that are located within the rural residential	С
		notation within the District Plan web mapping application.	
	Control is re	eserved over:	
	a. Effec	ts on landscape character associated with the bulk and external	
	appe	appearance of buildings;	
	b. Acce	2 SS;	
	c. Infra	c. Infrastructure;	
	d. Land	dform modification, exterior lighting, landscaping and planting	
	(exist	ring and proposed).	

	Table 24.1 – Activities	Activity Status	
	e. Where the site is located within the Lake Hayes Catchment as identified		
	in Schedule 24.9, the contribution of, and methods adopted by, the		
	proposal to improving water quality within the Lake Hayes Catchment.		
24.4.6	The construction of buildings for residential activity not provided for by Rules 24.4.5 to Rule 24.4.7A.	RD	
	Discretion is restricted to:		
	a. Effects on landscape character associated with the bulk and external		
	appearance of buildings;		
	b. Access;		
	c. Infrastructure;		
	d. Landform modification, exterior lighting, landscaping and planting		
	(existing and proposed);		
	e. Natural hazards.		
	f. Where the site is located within the Lake Hayes Catchment as identified		
	in Schedule 24.9, the contribution of, and methods adopted by, the		
	proposal to improving water quality within the Lake Hayes Catchment.		
	g. Where Electricity Sub-transmission Infrastructure or Significant		
	Electricity Distribution Infrastructure as shown on the District Plan web		
	mapping application is located within the adjacent road, any adverse		
	effects on that infrastructure.		
24.4.7	The construction of buildings for residential activity outside a building platform approved by a resource consent and registered on the applicable record of title on a site where there is such a building platform.	NC	
24.4.7A	Any new residential activity including the construction of buildings for that residential activity within those areas identified in Rule 24.5.1.6	D	
	Non-residential activities and buildings		
24.4.8	Farm buildings.	Р	
24.4.9	Roadside stall buildings.		
24.4.10	Home occupation.		
24.4.11	The alteration of any lawfully established building used for a non-residential activity.		
24.4.12	24.4.12.1 Informal airports in the Wakatipu Basin Rural Amenity Zone.	Р	

	Table 24.1 – Activities		
	24.4.12	2.2 Informal airports in the Lifestyle Precinct.	D
24.4.13		sales of farm and garden produce and wine grown, reared or produced or handicrafts produced on the site.	Р
24.4.14		ercial recreational activities that are undertaken on land, outdoors and e not more than 12 persons in any one group.	Р
24.4.15	Reside	ntial visitor accommodation and homestays.	Р
24.4.16		sales of farm and garden produce and wine grown, reared or produced or handicrafts produced on the site where the access is onto a State ay.	RD
	Discret	cion is restricted to:	
	a.	Access to, and safety of, the transport network;	
	b.	On-site parking in relation to safety and manoeuvring.	
24.4.17		rial activities directly associated with wineries and underground cellars a vineyard.	RD
	Discret	cion is restricted to:	
	a.	Noise;	
	b.	Access and parking in relation to safety and manoeuvring;	
	c.	Traffic generation;	
	d.	Odour;	
	e.	Hours of operation;	
	f.	Waste treatment and disposal.	
24.4.18		nstruction of buildings for non-residential activities, not otherwise ed for in Table 24.1.	RD
	Discret	cion is restricted to:	
	i.	Landscape character;	
	ii.	Visual amenity;	
	iii.	Access;	
	iv.	Natural hazards;	
	V.	Infrastructure;	
	vi.	Landform modification, landscaping and planting (existing and proposed).	
	vii.	Where the site is located within the Lake Hayes Catchment as identified in Schedule 24.9, the contribution of, and methods adopted by, the proposal to improving water quality within the Lake Hayes Catchment.	
	viii.	Where Electricity Sub-transmission Infrastructure or Significant Electricity Distribution Infrastructure as shown on the District Plan web	

	Table 24.1 – Activities	
	mapping application is located within the adjacent road, any adverse effects on that infrastructure.	
24.4.19	Commercial recreational activities that are undertaken on land, outdoors and involve more than 12 persons in any one group.	D
24.4.20	Cafes and restaurants.	D
24.4.21	Visitor accommodation.	D
24.4.22	Community activities.	
24.4.23	Any commercial or Industrial activity not otherwise provided for in Table 24.1 including those associated with farming.	
24.4.24	Panelbeating, spray painting, motor vehicle repair or dismantling, fibre glassing, sheet metal work, bottle or scrap storage, motorbody building, or any activity requiring an Offensive Trade Licence under the Health Act 1956 except where such activities are undertaken as part of a farming activity, residential activity or as a permitted home occupation.	
	24.4.24.1 Within the Wakatipu Basin Rural Amenity Zone	
	24.4.24.2 Within the Lifestyle Precinct	PR
24.4.25	Buildings, associated infrastructure and earthworks within any Building Restriction Area.	

24.5 Rules - Standards

The following standards apply to all activities.

	Table 24.2 - Standards	Non-compliance status
24.5.1	Residential Density	
24.5.1.1	For sites with a net site area of 1 hectare or less and zoned in part or whole Wakatipu Basin Lifestyle Precinct, a maximum of one residential unit per site.	NC
24.5.1.2	For sites with a net site area greater than 1 hectare and zoned in part or whole Wakatipu Basin Lifestyle Precinct, no more than one residential unit per hectare on average of the net site area zoned Wakatipu Basin Lifestyle Precinct.	NC

	Table 24.2 - Standards	Non-compliance status
24.5.1.3	Where Rule 24.5.1.1 or Rule 24.5.1 applies, all residential units (includir residential flats) must be located wi area zoned Wakatipu Basin Lifestyle Precinct.	ng ithin the
24.5.1.4	Any site in the Wakatipu Basin Rura Amenity Zone located wholly outsid Precinct in respect of which resource consent creating the site was granted before 21 March 2019, and a record subsequently issued, and with an arthan 80 hectares, a maximum of one residential unit per site. Except this rule shall not apply when 24.5.1.6 is applied.	de the see ed do of title rea less e
24.5.1.5	For that part of all other sites in the Wakatipu Basin Rural Amenity Zone located outside of the Precinct, a more of one residential unit per 80 hectar site area. Except this rule shall not apply when 24.5.1.6 is applied.	e wholly aximum res net
24.5.1.6	Any site located within a Landscape Character Unit or area identified on District Plan web mapping application maximum of one residential unit pesite area and average area:	the on a
	24.5.1.6.1 (This has been left interblank)	ntionally
	24.5.1.6.2 (This has been left interblank)	ntionally
	24.5.1.6.3 LCU 6 limited to the are identified as Hunter Ro West: 6,000m² minimu ha average	pad
	24.5.1.6.4 (This has been left interblank)	ntionally
	24.5.1.6.5 LCU 12 limited to the a identified as Hogans Government Road South: 6,000m ² minimum and 2 ha ave	ully
	24.5.1.6.6 LCU 15 Hogans Gully (e LCU outside of the Hog	

	Table 24.2 -	Standards	Non-compliance status
		Gully Resort Zone): 4ha minimum and 6 ha average	
	24.5.1.6.7	LCU 22 Hills (entire LCU): 3ha minimum and 4 ha average	
	24.5.1.6.8	(This has been left intentionally blank)	
	24.5.1.6.9	(This has been left intentionally blank)	
	24.5.1.6.10	(This has been left intentionally blank)	
	24.5.1.6.11	LCU 24 South Arrowtown (limited to the area zoned WBRAZ): 1ha minimum and 3ha average.	
24.5.2	Residential	Flats	RD
	24.5.2.1	Within the Wakatipu Basin	Discretion is restricted to:
		Lifestyle Precinct, any residential flat must be separated from the principal residential unit by no more than 10 metres.	 Effects on landscape character associated with the location of buildings and cumulative adverse effects.
	24.5.2.2	Rule 24.5.2.1 does not apply to a residential flat located within a building platform approved by a resource consent, and registered on the applicable record of title.	
24.5.3		to buildings for residential ot located within a building	RD Discretion is restricted to:
	a building p	to a building not located within latform must not increase the r area by more than 30% in any riod.	 a. Effects on landscape character associated with the bulk and external appearance of buildings; b. Landform modification, landscaping and planting (existing and proposed); c. Infrastructure. d. Where Electricity Subtransmission Infrastructure or Significant Electricity Distribution Infrastructure as shown on the District Plan web mapping application is located within the adjacent road, any

	Table 24.2 - Standards	Non-compliance status
		adverse effects on that infrastructure.
24.5.4	Building Material and Colours Any building and its alteration, including shipping containers that remain on site for more than six months, are subject to the following: All exterior surfaces* must be coloured in the range of browns, greens or greys including; 24.5.4.1 Pre-painted steel and all roofs must have a light reflectance value not greater than 20%; and 24.5.4.2 All other exterior surface** finishes, except for schist, must have a light reflectance value of not greater than 30%. * Excludes soffits, windows and skylights (but not glass balustrades). ** Includes cladding and built landscaping that cannot be measured by way of light reflectance value but is deemed by the Council to be suitably recessive and have the same effect as achieving a light reflectance value of 30%.	
24.5.5	Building Ground Floor Area Where a residential building is constructed within a building platform under Rule 24.4.5, the ground floor area of all buildings must not exceed 500m². Building coverage The building coverage of all buildings on a	RD Discretion is restricted to: a. Building scale and form; b. Visual prominence from both public places and private locations. RD Discretion is restricted to:
24.5.7	site not subject to Rule 24.5.5 must not exceed 15% of net site area, or 500m², whichever is the lesser. Setback from internal boundaries	a. Building scale and form; b. Visual prominence from both public places and private locations. RD

	Table 24.2 - Standards	Non-compliance status
	24.5.7.1 The minimum setback of any building from internal boundaries shall be 10m, except where Rule 24.5.7.2 applies. 24.5.7.2 The set back of buildings from the southern boundary of Lot 2 DP 392663, Part Lot 7 DP 392663, and Part Lot 2 DP 501981 (or subsequent title/s) (adjacent to the Arrowtown Retirement Village, McDonnell Road, Arrowtown) shall be defined by a line between: i. a point at the McDonnell Road boundary 75m from the southern boundary of Lot 2 DP 392663; and ii. a point at the western boundary of the Precinct and 25m from the southern boundary of Part Lot 7 DP 392663	Discretion is restricted to: a. Building location, character, scale and form; b. External appearance including materials and colours; c. Landform modification/planting (existing and proposed). d. For any building within the setback defined in Rule 24.5.7.2: i. Effects on the visual legibility of the boundary between Lifestyle Precinct development within Lot 2 DP 392663, Part Lot 7 DP 392663, and Part Lot 2 DP 501981 (or subsequent title/s) and the Arrowtown Retirement Village; ii. Maintaining an open space buffer between Lifestyle Precinct development and the Arrowtown Retirement Village; iii. Avoiding a linear pattern of built development when viewed from McDonnell Road or distant public elevated viewpoints through building location and landscaping.
24.5.8	Height of buildings	
24.5.8.1	The maximum height of buildings shall be 6.5m.	RD For buildings with a height greater than 6.5m and no more than 8m, discretion is restricted to: a. Visual prominence from both public places and private locations; b. External appearance including materials and colours;

	Table 24.2 -	Standards	Non-compliance status
			c. Landform modification/planting (existing and proposed).
			Note: 24.5.8.2 applies to buildings with a height greater than 8m.
24.5.8.2	The maximu 8m.	ım height of buildings shall be	NC
24.5.9	Setback from	m roads	RD
	24.5.9.2 24.5.9.3	The minimum setback of any building from any road boundary(other than an unformed road) shall be 75m in the Precinct and 20m in the Rural Amenity Zone. The minimum setback of any building from any unformed road shall be 20m in the Rural Amenity Zone and Lifestyle Precinct. Rules 24.5.9.1 and 24.5.9.2 do not apply to the construction of buildings for residential activity pursuant to Rule 24.4.5.	 Discretion is restricted to: a. Building location, character, scale and form; b. External appearance including materials and colours; c. Landscaping/planting (existing and proposed). d. Where Electricity Subtransmission Infrastructure or Significant Electricity Distribution Infrastructure as shown on the District Plan web mapping application is located within the adjacent road, any adverse effects on that infrastructure. e. Within Lot 2 DP 392663, Part Lot 7 DP 392663, and Part Lot 2 DP 501981 (or subsequent title/s)
			and Part Section 1 SO 23541 (or subsequent title/s), avoiding the potential effects of a linear pattern of built development when viewed from McDonnell Road or distant public elevated viewpoints in Arrowtown, on Tobin's Track, and Feeley Hill, that may contribute to a perception of urban sprawl along McDonnell Road taking into account building form, location setback and mitigation proposed.
24.5.9.4A	Maximum N	Number of Dwellings	NC

	Table 24.2 - Standards	Non-compliance status
	For the site(s) in the Precinct located at the intersection of Arrowtown-Lake Hayes Road and McDonnell Road a maximum of six residential dwellings shall be allowed.	
24.5.10	Setback from Escarpment, Ridgeline and River Cliff Features 24.5.10.1 Within the Lifestyle Precinct only, any building or vehicle access shall be located a minimum of 50m from the boundary of any Escarpment, Ridgeline or River Cliff Feature shown on the District Plan web mapping application. 24.5.10.1 Rule 24.5.10.1 does not apply to the construction of buildings for residential activity pursuant to Rule 24.4.5.	Discretion is restricted to: a. Building location, character, scale and form; b. External appearance including materials and colours; c. Landform modification/planting (existing and proposed).
24.5.11	Setback from boundaries of non-residential buildings housing animals The minimum setback from boundaries for any building whose primary purpose is to house animals shall be 30m.	 Discretion is restricted to the following: a. Open space, rural living character and amenity; b. Privacy, views and outlook from neighbouring properties and public places; c. Reverse sensitivity effects on adjacent properties including odour and noise; d. Landform modification/planting (existing and proposed).
24.5.12	Setback of buildings from waterbodies The minimum setback of any building from the bed of a wetland, river or lake shall be 30m. This rule does not apply to: a. waterbodies that have been built as part of a subdivision or development for the primary purpose of treating and disposing of stormwater, or	RD Discretion is restricted to the following: a. Biodiversity values; b. Natural Hazards; c. Visual and recreational amenity values; d. Landscape and natural character;

	Table 24.2 - Standards	Non-compliance status
	b. the construction of buildings for residential activities pursuant to Rule 24.4.5.	e. Open space. f. Where the site is located within the Lake Hayes Catchment as identified in Schedule 24.9, the contribution of, and methods adopted by, the proposal to improving water quality within the Lake Hayes Catchment.
24.5.13	Farm buildings a. The maximum gross floor area of any farm building shall be 50m².	RD Discretion is restricted to: a. Building location, character, scale and form; b. External appearance including
		c. Landform modification/planting (existing and proposed).
24.5.14	Home occupations	RD
	 a. The maximum net floor area of home occupation activities shall be 150m². b. No goods materials or equipment shall be stored outside a building. c. All manufacturing, altering, repairing, dismantling or processing of any goods or articles shall be carried out within a building. 	 Discretion is restricted to: a. The nature, scale and intensity of the activity; b. Visual amenity from neighbouring properties and public places; c. Noise, odour and dust; d. Access, safety and transportation.
24.5.15	Roadside stalls	RD
	 a. The maximum ground floor area shall be 5m². b. Stalls shall not be higher than 2.0m from ground level. c. The minimum sight distance along the road from the stall or stall access shall be 250m. 	Discretion is restricted to: a. Building location, character, scale and form; b. External appearance including materials and colours; c. Access and safety; d. Parking in relation to safety and manoeuvring.

	Table 24.2 - Standards	Non-compliance status
	d. The minimum distance of the stall or stall access from an intersection shall be 100m; and, the stall shall not be located on the legal road reserve.	e. Where Electricity Sub- transmission Infrastructure or Significant Electricity Distribution Infrastructure as shown on the District Plan web mapping application is located within the adjacent road, any adverse effects on that infrastructure.
24.5.16	Retail Sales	RD
	The maximum gross floor area of buildings	Discretion is restricted to:
	shall be 25m² for retail sales of farm and garden produce and wine grown, reared or produced on-site or handicrafts produced	Building location, character, scale and form;
	on the site.	b. External appearance including materials and colours;
		c. Access safety and transportation effects;
		d. Parking and access in relation to safety and manoeuvring.
24.5.17	Glare	RD
	a. All fixed exterior lighting shall be	Discretion is restricted to:
	directed away from adjacent roads and sites.	a. Lighting location and number of lights;
	b. Activities on any site shall not result in more than a 3 lux spill (horizontal and vertical) of light to any other site,	b. Proximity to roads, public places and neighbours;
	measured at any point within the boundary of the other site.	c. Height and direction of lights;
	c. There shall be no upward light spill.	d. Lux levels.
24.5.18	Informal airports	D
	Other than in the case of informal airports for emergency landings, rescues, fire-fighting and activities ancillary to farming activities:	
	a. Informal airports shall not exceed a frequency of use of 2 flights per day;	

	Table 24.2 - Standards	Non-compliance status
	b. Informal airports shall be located a minimum distance of 500 metres from any other zone or the notional boundary of any residential dwelling not located on the same site;	
	Advice note: For the purpose of this rule a flight includes two aircraft movements i.e. an arrival and a departure.	
24.5.19	Firefighting water and access	RD
	New buildings for residential activities where there is no reticulated water supply, or any reticulated water supply is not sufficient for firefighting must have one of the following:	Discretion is restricted to: a. the extent to which SNZ PAS 4509: 2008 can be met including the adequacy of the water supply;
	either a sprinkler system installed and plumbed with a maintained static water storage supply of at least 7,000 litres available to the system, or	b. the accessibility of the firefighting water connection point for fire service vehicles;
	water supply and access for firefighting that meets the following requirements:	c. whether and the extent to which the building is assessed as a low fire risk.
	a. Water storage of at least 45,000 litres shall be maintained (excluding potable water storage for domestic use) with an outlet connection point that can provide 1500L/min (25 L/s) and any necessary couplings;	
	b. A hardstand area with a minimum width of 4.5m and length of 11m located within 6m of the firefighting water supply connection point and capable of supporting a 20 tonne fire service vehicle;	
	c. The connection point for the firefighting water supply must be located more than 6m and less than 90m from the building for residential activities and be accessible by emergency service vehicles during fire events;	

	Table 24.2 - Standards	Non-compliance status
	d. Access from the property road boundary to the hardstand area capable of accommodating a 20 tonne fire service vehicle.	
24.5.20	Residential visitor accommodation — Excluding the Lifestyle Precinct 24.5.20.1 The total nights of occupation by paying guests on a site do not exceed a cumulative total of 120 nights per annum from the date of initial registration. 24.5.20.2 The activity is registered with Council prior to commencement. 24.5.20.3 Up to date records of the Residential Visitor Accommodation activity must be kept, including a record of the date and duration of guest stays and the number of guests staying per night, and in a form that can be made available for inspection by the Council at 24 hours' notice. Note: The Council may request that records are made available to the Council for inspection at 24 hours' notice, in order to monitor compliance with rules 24.5.20.1 to 24.5.20.3.	C Control is reserved to: a. The location, nature and scale of the activities; b. The management of noise, rubbish, recycling and outdoor activities; c. Guest management and complaints procedures;; d. The keeping of records of the Residential Visitor Accommodation use, and availability of records for Council inspection; and e. Monitoring requirements, including imposition of an annual monitoring charge.
24.5.21	Residential visitor accommodation – Lifestyle Precinct only	RD Discretion is restricted to:
	24.5.21.1 The total nights of occupation by paying guests on a site do not exceed a cumulative total of 120 nights per annum from the date of initial registration.	 a. the location, nature and scale of activities; b. the management of noise, rubbish, recycling and outdoor activities; c. privacy and overlooking; d. outdoor lighting;

	Table 24.2 - Standards	Non-compliance status
	24.5.21.2 The number of guests must not exceed 2 adults per bedroom and the total number of adults and children must not exceed: • 3 in a 1-bedroom residential unit; • 6 in a 2-bedroom residential unit; • 9 in a 3-bedroom or more residential unit. 24.5.21.3 The activity is registered with Council prior to commencement. 24.5.21.4 Up to date records of the Residential Visitor Accommodation activity must be kept, including a record of the date and duration of guest stays and the number of guests stays and the number of guests staying per night, and in a form that can be made available for inspection by the Council at 24 hours' notice. Note: The Council may request that records are made available to the Council for inspection at 24 hours' notice, in order to monitor compliance with rules 24.5.21.1 to 24.5.21.4	e. guest management and complaints procedures; f. the keeping of records of residential visitor accommodation use, and availability of records for Council inspection; and g. monitoring requirements, including imposition of an annual monitoring charge.
24.5.22	Homestay Homestay – Excluding the Lifestyle Precinct 24.5.22.1 The total number of paying guests on a site does not exceed five per night. 24.5.22.2 The Council is notified in writing prior to the commencement of a Homestay activity.	C Control is reserved to: a. The location, nature and scale of the activities; b. The management of noise, rubbish, recycling and outdoor activities; c. The keeping of records of Homestay use, and availability of records for Council inspection; and

	Table 24.2 - Standards	Non-compliance status
	24.5.22.3 Up to date records of the Homestay activity are kept, including a record of the number of guests staying per night, and in a form that can be made available for inspection by the Council at 24 hours' notice. Note: The Council may request that records are made available to the Council for inspection at 24 hours' notice, in order to monitor compliance with rules 24.5.22.1 to 24.5.22.3.	d. Monitoring requirements, including imposition of an annual monitoring charge.
24.5.23	Homestay – Lifestyle Precinct only 24.5.23.1 The total number of paying guests on a site does not exceed five per night. 24.5.23.2 The Council is notified in writing prior to the commencement of a Homestay activity. 24.5.23.3 Up to date records of the Homestay activity are kept, including a record of the number of guests staying per night, and in a form that can be made available for inspection by the Council at 24 hours' notice. Note: The Council may request that records are made available to the Council for inspection at 24 hours' notice, in order to monitor compliance with rules 24.5.23.1 to 24.5.23.3.	RD Discretion is restricted to: a. the location, nature and scale of activities; b. privacy and overlooking; c. the management of noise, rubbish, recycling and outdoor activities; d. the keeping of records of residential visitor accommodation use, and availability of records for Council inspection; and e. monitoring requirements, including imposition of an annual monitoring charge

	Table 24.2 - Standards	Non-compliance status
24.5.24	Alterations to buildings used for non-residential activities, not located within a building platform. Alterations to a building not located within a building platform must not increase the ground floor area by more than 10% in any ten year period.	RD Discretion is restricted to: a. Landscape character; b. Visual amenity; c. Infrastructure; d. Landform modification, landscaping and planting (existing and proposed).
24.5.25	Exotic vegetation within landscape Character Unit 5: Dalefield 24.5.25.1 Clearance, works within the root protection zone or significant trimming of exotic vegetation that is of a height greater than 6 metres. 24.5.25.2 Rule 24.5.25.1 does not apply if: a. The vegetation is identified as a wilding exotic tree in Chapter 34 (Wilding Exotic Trees). b. The vegetation is either dead, diseased or damaged, or likely to cause an imminent hazard to life or property. To ensure compliance with b: i Council must be notified in writing prior to the works commencing; and ii Following the works, Council must be provided with a report or written statement from a qualified arborist confirming that the vegetation was dead, diseased or damaged or likely to cause an imminent hazard to life or property.	Discretion is restricted to: a. The extent of clearance or works within the root protection zone; b. Effects on landscape character and visual amenity associated with the removal of the vegetation; c. Replacement planting; d. Risk to health and safety arising from the vegetation.

24.6 Non-notification of applications

- 24.6.1 Any application for resource consent for controlled or restricted discretionary activities shall not require the written consent of other persons and shall not be notified or limited-notified, with the exception of the following:
 - a. Rule 24.5.5 Building ground floor area.
 - b. Rule 24.5.6 Building coverage.
 - c. Rule 24.5.7 Setback from internal boundaries.
 - d. Rule 24.5.8.1 Height of buildings.
 - e. Rule 24.5.9 Setback from roads.
 - f. Rule 24.5.10 Setback from Escarpment, Ridgeline or River Cliff Feature.
 - g. Rule 24.4.16 Retail sales of farm and garden produce and wine, where the access is onto a State Highway.
 - h. Rule 24.5.2 Residential Flat separated from the principal residential unit by more than 10 metres, within the Lifestyle Precinct.
 - i. Rules 24.4.6, 24.4.18, 24.5.3, 24.5.9 and 24.5.15 in relation to the electricity distribution network, where the Council will give specific consideration to Aurora Energy Limited as an affected person for the purposes of section 95E of the Act.
 - j. Rule 24.5.23 Homestay within the Lifestyle Precinct.
- 24.6.2 The following Restricted Discretionary activities will not be publicly notified but notice will be served on those persons considered to be adversely affected if those persons have not given their written approval:
 - a. Rule 24.5.21 Residential Visitor Accommodation within the Lifestyle Precinct.

24.7 Assessment Matters

24.7.1 In considering whether or not to grant consent and/or impose conditions on a resource consent, regard shall be had to the assessment matters set out at 24.7.3 to 24.7.15.

		Assessment Matters-Controlled Activities Rule 24.4.5
24.7	7.3	The construction of buildings for residential activity within an approved building platform pursuant to Rule 24.4.5:
		Landscape character including external appearance associated with the bulk of the building, access, landform modification, exterior lighting, landscaping and planting
		a. Whether the external appearance including colours of the building(s) adequately responds to the identified values set out in Schedule 24.8 – Landscape Character Units and the criteria set out below.

	Assessment Matters-Controlled Activities Rule 24.4.5
	b. The extent to which the buildings, ancillary elements and any landscape treatment complements the existing landscape character, including consideration of:
	 i. building colours and materials; ii. the design and location of landform modification, retaining, fencing, gates, vehicle access (including paving materials), external lighting, domestic infrastructure (including water tanks), vegetation removal, and proposed planting; iii. the retention of existing vegetation and landform patterns; iv. earth mounding and framework planting to integrate buildings and accessways; v. planting of appropriate species that are suited to the general area having regard to the matters set out in Schedule 24.8 - Landscape Character Units;
	c. The extent to which existing covenants or consent notice conditions need to be retained or otherwise integrated into the proposed development.
	d. The extent to which the building is designed to avoid, remedy or mitigate adverse effects on the features, elements and patterns that contribute to the value of adjacent or nearby ONLs and ONFs.
	e. Whether mitigation elements such as a landscape management plan or proposed plantings should be subject to bonds or covenants.
	f. The merit of the removal of wilding exotic trees at the time of development.
24.7.4	Infrastructure and access
	a. The extent to which the proposal provides for adequate access, and wastewater disposal and water supply. The provision of shared infrastructure servicing to more than one property is preferred in order to minimise environmental effects.
24.7.4A	 Lake Hayes Catchment a. The extent to which the proposal minimises erosion or sediment during construction, having regard to the provisions of Chapter 25 Earthworks, in particular Policies 25.2.1.1 and 25.2.1.7 and Assessment Matters 25.8.2 and 25.8.6.
	b. The extent to which the proposal avoids or mitigates any potential adverse effects on surface waterbodies and ecological values through the adoption of measures to reduce stormwater runoff adverse effects from the site, including the implementation of low impact design techniques.
	c. Where a waterbody is located on the site, the effectiveness of riparian planting to filter sediment and reduce sediment concentrations in stormwater runoff.
	d. The extent to which erosion and sediment management and/or on-site stormwater management systems are commensurate with the nature, scale and location of the activity.
	e. The extent to which the proposal contributes to water quality improvement, including by:

Assessment Matters-Controlled Activities Rule 24.4.5
 i. stabilising the margins of waterways, riparian planting and ongoing management;
ii. Reducing inputs of phosphorus and nitrogen into the catchment;
iii. Implementing a nutrient management plan;
iv. Restoring, maintaining, and constructing new, wetlands for stormwater management;
v. Offering any voluntary contribution (including financial) to water quality improvement works off-site in the catchment.
f. Practicable constraints limited to situations where no further improvements to stormwater runoff management can be achieved.
g. Whether new development can be connected to reticulated services, or if connections are not available, whether onsite systems provide for the safe disposal of stormwater and wastewater without adversely affecting natural water systems and ecological values.

	Assessment Matters- Restricted Discretionary Activities
24.7.5	New buildings (and alterations to existing buildings) including farm buildings and residential flats, and infringements of the standards for building coverage, building size, building material and colours, and building height:
	Landscape character
	a. The extent to which the building, ancillary elements and landscaping maintains or enhances the Basin's landscape including in responding to the identified values set out in Schedule 24.8 – Landscape Character Units and the following assessment matters.
	i. building height;ii. building colours and materials;iii. building coverage;
	iv. design, size and location of accessory buildings;
	v. the design and location of landform modification, retaining, fencing, gates, vehicle access (including paving materials), external lighting, domestic infrastructure (including water tanks);
	vi. the retention of existing vegetation and landform patterns, and proposed new planting;
	vii. earth mounding and framework planting to integrate buildings and vehicle access;
	viii. planting of appropriate species that are suited to the general area including riparian restoration planting;
	ix. the retirement of steep slopes over 15° and restoration planting to promote slope stabilisation and indigenous vegetation enhancement; and
	x. the integration of existing and provision for new public walkways and cycleways/bridlepaths.

	Assessment Matters- Restricted Discretionary Activities
	 The extent to which existing covenants or consent notice conditions need to be retained or are otherwise integrated into the conditions governing the proposed development.
	c. The extent to which the development maintains visual amenity in the landscape, particularly from public places.
	d. In the case of multiple buildings or residential units not otherwise addressed as part of a previous subdivision, the extent to which a sense of spaciousness is maintained, and whether the buildings are integrated with existing landform, vegetation or settlement patterns.
	e. Where a residential flat is not located adjacent to the residential unit, the extent to which this could give rise to sprawl of buildings and cumulative effects.
	f. Where the site adjoins an ONF or ONL, the extent to which the development affects the values of that ONF or ONL.
	g. Whether mitigation elements such as a landscape management plan or proposed plantings should be subject to bonds or covenants.
	h. The merit of the removal of wilding exotic trees at the time of development.
	 i. Whether the proposed development provides an opportunity to maintain landscape character and visual amenity through the registration of covenants requiring open space to be maintained.
24.7.6	Servicing, firefighting water, natural hazards, infrastructure and access
	a. The extent to which the proposal provides for adequate on-site wastewater disposal and water supply. The provision of shared infrastructure servicing to more than one property is preferred in order to minimise environmental effects.
	b. The extent to which the proposed access utilises an existing access or provides for a common access in order to reduce visual and environmental effects, including traffic safety, minimising earthworks and vegetation removal.
	c. Whether adequate provision is made for firefighting activities and provision for emergency vehicles.
	d. The extent to which the objectives and policies set out in Chapter 28, Natural Hazards, are achieved.
	e. Where Electricity Sub-transmission infrastructure or Significant Electricity Distribution Infrastructure is located in road adjacent to the subject site or within the subject site, consideration shall be had to:
	 a. The effects on the operation, maintenance or minor upgrading of that infrastructure. b. Whether the network operator or suitably qualified engineer has provided confirmation that subdivision design would ensure that future development achieves NZECP34:2001.
24.7.7	Non-residential activities

	Assessment Matters- Restricted Discretionary Activities
	Whether the proposal achieves:
	 a. An appropriate scale and intensity of the activity in the context of the Basin's amenity and character including of the surrounding area including reference to the identified elements set out in Schedule 24.8 – Landscape Character Units.
	b. Adequate visual amenity for neighbouring properties and from public places.
	c. Minimisation of any noise, odour and dust.
	d. Access that maintains the safety and efficiency of the roading and trail network.
24.7.8	Setback from boundaries ¹
	Whether the proposal achieves:
	a. The maintenance of the identified landscape character and visual amenity values with reference to the identified elements set out in Schedule 24.8 - Landscape Character Units for the relevant landscape unit.
	b. Adequate privacy, outlook and amenity for adjoining properties.
24.7.8B	Setback from roads and Escarpments, Ridgeline and River Cliff Features
	a. Whether the proposal achieves:
	 The maintenance of the Basin's landscape character and visual amenity values including of the identified landscape character and visual amenity values set out in Schedule 24.8 - Landscape Character Units while having regard to the site constraints identified in (b).
	ii. For roads, maintenance of views to Outstanding Natural Features and the surrounding Outstanding Natural Landscape mountain context.
	iii. For Escarpments, Ridgeline and River Cliff Features, development that is not visually prominent.
	b. Where a site is located wholly within any prescribed setback, or involves a proposal to alter, or redevelop, an existing building that is within any prescribed setback. Regard shall be had to mitigating or remedying as far as practicable any adverse effects arising from the visibility of the building, while acknowledging the existing constraints of the site and presence of existing buildings within the prescribed setback.
24.7.9	Setback from boundaries of non-residential buildings housing animals
	Whether the proposal achieves:

Setback from boundaries

Whether the proposal achieves:

¹ QLDC has requested that the Environment Court issue an erratum to make minor changes to this assessment matter. The request seeks the assessment matter be amended to read:

a. The maintenance of the Basin's landscape character and visual amenity values including of the identified elements set out in Schedule 24.8 - Landscape Character Units

b. Adequate privacy, outlook and amenity for adjoining properties.

	Assessment Matters- Restricted Discretionary Activities
	a. The maintenance of the Basin's landscape character and visual amenity including reference to the identified elements set out in Schedule 24.8 – Landscape Character Units.
	b. Minimisation of adverse odour, dust and/or noise effects on any neighbouring properties.
24.7.10	Setback of buildings from waterbodies
	Whether the proposal achieves:
	a. The maintenance or enhancement of biodiversity values.
	b. The maintenance or enhancement of landscape character and visual amenity values including reference to the identified elements set out in Schedule 24.8 – Landscape Character Units for the landscape character unit that the proposal falls into.
	c. The maintenance or enhancement of open space.
	 Mitigation to manage any adverse effects of the location of the building including consideration of whether the waterbody is subject to flooding or natural hazards.
24.7.11	Roadside stalls
	Whether the proposal achieves:
	a. An appropriate scale and intensity of the activity in the context of the surrounding landscape character and visual amenity values.
	b. Preservation of visual amenity for neighbouring properties and from public places.
	c. Minimisation of any noise, odour and dust.
	d. Adequate parking, access safety and avoids adverse transportation effects.
24.7.12	Retail sales
	Whether the proposal ensures:
	a. An appropriate scale and intensity of the activity in the context of the surrounding landscape character and visual amenity values.
	b. Preservation of visual amenity for neighbouring properties and from public places.
	c. Minimisation of any noise, odour and dust.
	d. Adequate parking, access safety and avoids adverse transportation effects.
24.7.13	Glare
	a. The effects on adjacent roads and neighbouring sites.
	b. The extent of likely visual dominance from light fixtures, poles and lux levels.
	c. The nature and extent of any effects on character and amenity, including the night sky.

	Assessment Matters- Restricted Discretionary Activities
	d. The nature and extent of any effects on privacy, views and outlook from neighbouring properties.
	e. Whether there will be any reverse sensitivity effects on adjacent properties.
24.7.14	Clearance, works within the root protection zone or significant trimming of exotic vegetation over 6m in height in Landscape Character Unit 5: Dalefield
	 The degree to which the vegetation contributes to the landscape character and visual amenity values, and the extent to which the clearance or significant trimming would reduce those values.
	b. The potential for buildings and development to become more visually prominent.
	c. The merits of any proposed mitigation or replacement plantings.
	d. The effects on the health and structural stability of the vegetation.
	e. Whether the works are reasonably necessary to enable the efficient use of the site.
24.7.15	Lake Hayes Catchment
	a. The extent to which the proposal minimises erosion or sediment during construction, having regard to the provisions of Chapter 25 Earthworks, in particular Policies 25.2.1.1 and 25.2.1.7 and Assessment Matters 25.8.2 and 25.8.6.
	b. The extent to which the proposal avoids or mitigates any potential adverse effects on surface waterbodies and ecological values through the adoption of measures to reduce stormwater runoff adverse effects from the site, including the implementation of low impact design techniques.
	c. Where a waterbody is located on the site, the effectiveness of riparian planting to filter sediment and reduce sediment concentrations in stormwater runoff.
	d. The extent to which erosion and sediment management and/or on-site stormwater management systems are commensurate with the nature, scale and location of the activity.
	 e. The extent to which the proposal contributes to water quality improvement, including by: i. stabilising the margins of waterways, riparian planting and ongoing management; ii. Reducing inputs of phosphorus and nitrogen into the catchment; iii. Implementing a nutrient management plan; iv. Restoring, maintaining, and constructing new, wetlands for stormwater management; v. Offering any voluntary contribution (including financial) to water quality improvement works off-site in the catchment.
	f. Practicable constraints limited to situations where no further improvements to stormwater runoff management can be achieved.

Assessment Matters- Restricted Discretionary Activities
g. Whether new development can be connected to reticulated services, or if connections are not available, whether onsite systems provide for the safe disposal of stormwater and wastewater without adversely affecting natural water systems and ecological values.

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Schedule 24.8 Landscape Character Units please refer to separate document

Schedule 24.9 Lake Hayes Catchment

