Activity controls to manage wildfire risk within reserves

Note: All trigger points are based on the Fire and Emergency NZ (FENZ) "Establish triggers for voluntary restrictions on high fire risk activities" (2022) publication.



12.12.2023

Overview

The purpose of this document is to create a standardised methodology to provide activity and event controls in relation to ignition risks associated with wildfire conditions. The intended audience is permit holders, lessees, event organisers, volunteers, council employees and contractors carrying out activities with in the reserve. They are to review wildfire risk mitigation regularly, (assessment is to be used all year and not just in a prohibited season) for all activities and events that may have the potential to start a fire.

The controls are put in place to reduce the risk of wildfire ignitions from activities and events that may cause sparks or generate heat, also known as 'Hotworks'. The assessment of ignition risk is based on Fire and Emergency NZ (FENZ) Trigger Points, "Establish triggers for voluntary restrictions for high fire risk activities" (2022) publication.

Activities such as smoking, fireworks, chainsaw use, grass mowing when the grass or scrub is dry, cutting, grinding and actions where metal may strike metal or stone have a history of starting fires. These typically ignite in fine fuels such as grass and scrub.

Point of contact: parksrequest@qldc.govt.nz

This document and further wildfire information can be sourced on QLDC's web page www.qldc.govt.nz



Wildfire Ignition Factors

The controls are aimed at reducing the chance of ignition from activities that may cause a spark or heat, known as 'Hotworks'. To measure the overall risk an assessment of the fuel source is required.

Two main factors are considered when measuring potential fire ignition risk. These include,

- grass curing, which is the measure of the volume of dead/ dry grass
- > the Fine Fuel Moisture Code (FFMC) Indicative value representing the moisture content of fine fuels such as grass or scrub.

(See page 11 for case study data and average number of days restrictions could be in place per year)

GRASS FUELS

At low **grass curing** values, the proportion of dead grass fuel present is low and there is little fuel to be ignited. Potential for fire spread is also low and any fire will only spread slowly, if at all, and with lower fire intensity so that control is more easily achieved.

At high **grass curing** values, the proportion of dead grass fuel present is higher meaning fire will develop and spread faster with higher intensity making control more difficult.

At low **FFMC** values, grass fuels are moister so that the likelihood of ignition is low, and fire spread is impeded.

At high **FFMC** values, grasses are drier and are easily ignited, develop fast, and spread rapidly.

Spark Hazardous Activities

(Any activity that is not listed can be grouped based on its ignition potential)

Low risk examples	Moderate risk examples	High risk examples
General recreation that excludes motorised items. (walking, biking)	Roadsides, reserves and general mowing or mulching. (excludes irrigated areas)	Welding, grinding, gas cutting, blasting, fireworks, open fires.
Mountain Biking: hot brakes.	Forestry operations, including harvesters and thinning.	
	Land preparation including tractors and implements that strike or move through the ground.	
	Tracked machine operation. (excludes rubber tracks)	
	Exhaust and hot engine type operations. (generators, small motors, motorbikes, blowers etc)	
	Use of scrub bars, chainsaws, chippers.	
	High public use/events that may involve the following - cigarettes/campfires/gas cookers/BBQ/vehicles	

How to Determine the Activity and/or Event Controls

There are two ways of determining the control levels.

1. USE THE 'HOTWORKS' DANGER LEVEL.

This is produced each day by NIWA on the Fire and Emergency NZ/NIWA fire weather website. This is the recommended procedure unless you are qualified or experienced in fire science.

Please note, the trigger point assessment provided is based on the weather data from the Queenstown/Wānaka Airport Weather Stations (depending on which site you have chosen) and may not provide the site specific environmental conditions for your event or activity.

To access this data, go to fireweather.niwa.co.nz/region/Otago and follow the steps below.



NIWA/FENZ Fire Weather Website

Disclaimer: This link is to the FENZ / NIWA fire weather website, the link was provided on the date of publication of this document, over time the web page format and information may change and you may have to search for the correct information.

- 1. Select 'Hot work and Spark Hazardous' on the right-hand side.
- 2. Click on the map at the appropriate location to see daily, current and forecast levels.
- 3. Once you have the colour code, go directly to the tables at the end of this document to determine the controls that apply to your activity or event.

2. SITE SPECIFIC ASSESSMENT PROCEDURE

This method is used to determine the 'Hotworks' code for a specific location.

Please note, you will need to have experience and a basic understanding of fire science to understand how to do this, alternatively seek advice from a fire specialist.

How to determine the Fine Fuel Moisture Code (FFMC)

To determine the FFMC use the Fire and Emergency NZ/NIWA fire weather website **fireweather.niwa.co.nz/region/Otago** and follow the steps below.

1. Scroll down the webpage to the table and find the FFMC level for your nearest weather station and then assess the grass curing level by referring to the methodology on the next page.

					_ /										
Current														dd/m	m/2023 🗖
Daily (observed)	< > Current	Today (forecast)		West			The			Fri			Sat		Sun
Fire indices for Otago	o (observed at 8:00 AM,	Oct 17 2023)		1											
STATION NAME	FOREST	SCRUB	GRASS	FFMC	DMC	DC	ISI	BUI	FWI	TEMP	RH	DIR	WSP	RN24	GC%
Mueller Hut (NW)	L.	L.	L	42.8	0	2	0.1	0	0	-2.6	96	0	0	0	40
Tara Hills Aws (MS)	L	L		9.4	6.4	5.1	0	5.9	0	4.2	92	221	3.6	11	60
Otematata (HV)	L	L	L	7.8	17.1	216.7	0	28.6	0	5.9	94	79	9.4	11.4	70
Hawea Flat (HV)	L	L		5.1	6.8	30.5	0	8.7	0	4.8	96	151	2.2	13.8	40
Wanaka Aws (MS)	L.	L.	L.	6.6	7	27.7	0	8.6	0	4.5	97	128	3.6	13.2	40
Mt Larkins (NW)					0	0.5		0							60
Oamaru North (HV)	L. L.	L.		12.7	16.5	226.1	0	27.8	0	7.6	88	216	8.6	9.6	50
Oamaru Airport Aws (MS)	L	L		7.8	17.1	158.5	0	26.9	0	7.5	95	254	11.2	11.2	50
Naseby Forest (HV)	L	L		7.4	15.1	87	0	21.1	0	2.3	100	279	5.8	11	50
Windsor (NW)	L	L	L	8.1	29	297.4	0	46.6	0	7.1	95	266	2.5	10.4	50
Queenstown Aero (HV)	L	L.		12.2	6	35.6	0	8.5	0	5.1	98	42	4.7	9.6	40
Queenstown Aws (MS)	L	L		12.3	5.5	26.1	0	7.2	0	5.1	95	5	3.6	10.4	40
O				05.0	0.4	005.7	0	07.0	0		02	202		6.0	50



3. Look up the applicable controls in the tables below to determine equipment, activity, and timing restrictions for your activity.

EEMO	Curing (%)					
FFMC	<50	>85				
<76	Green	Green	Green			
76-83	Green	Green	Yellow			
84-87	Green	Yellow	Orange			
88-91	Yellow	Yellow	Orange			
92-95	Yellow	Orange	Red			
>96	Orange	Red	Red			

Code	Controls
Green	No controls (basic firefighting tools required)
Yellow	Firefighting equipment/wetting down required
Orange	Restricted operations/hours of work
Red	Total shutdown of activities/restricted hours of work

Figure 3.1 Recommended activity trigger matrix for spark-hazardous activities, based on the Fine Fuel Moisture Code (FFMC) and grass curing (%).

HOW TO DETERMINE GRASS CURING LEVEL

Use the guide below to help determine the grass curing level.

- > At low grass curing values, the proportion of dead grass fuel present is low and there is little fuel to be ignited. Potential for fire spread is also low and any fire will only spread slowly, if at all, and with lower fire intensity so that control is more easily achieved.
- > At high grass curing values, the proportion of dead grass fuel present is higher meaning fire will develop and spread faster with higher intensity making control more difficult.

Remember, when estimating the amount of cured or dead grass, ensure that you consider the amount of thatch that may be under the top grasses.

From early growth to start of seed nead development	0		Children and and and and and and and and and an
Seed heads formed and flowering	10	GREEN	
Seed heads maturing and changing colour	20	PHASE	
Yellow becoming apparent in leaves	30		and the second
Slightly more than half green	40	YEI	Contraction of the
Half green and half yellow, half of stems have dropped their seeds	50	LOW PH	the second of the second
Slightly more than half yellow	60	ASE	Standard Barris
Yellow dominating landscape, some green visible	70		
Lower third of stalk may be green	80	DRY P	
Very little green in landscape, all seeds dropped	90	HASE	Sector States
No green in landscape, stalks fully cured and break easily	100		6

Fire Prevention Guideline

For activities and events that may cause heat and/or sparks 'Hotworks'.

CODE GREEN: NO / MINIMAL CONTROLS REQUIRED

Note: Items in **blue** indicate the requirement has been introduced at that colour code level.

Requirements for	Extinguishers (minimum for all equipment/vehicles)	Water and additional equipment	Additional activity requirements (A reliable method of communication is required for all activities)				
	HIC	GH RISK ACTIVITIES					
Welding, grinding, gas cutting, blasting, fireworks, open fires.	2kg dry powder	9 litre pressurised water or foam (AFFF) extinguisher or full 15 litre knapsack. Shovel.	Only on bare earth / non-flammable or wetted down areas. Patrol for 30 minutes after completion of activity.				
	MODE	RATE RISK ACTIVITIES					
Roadsides, reserves and general mowing or mulching. (excludes irrigated areas).	2kg dry powder	9 litre pressurised water or foam (AFFF) extinguisher or full 15 litre knappeck, should					
Forestry operations, including harvesters and thinning.		Tull 15 litre knapsack, snovel.					
Land preparation and earthworks including tractors and implements that strike or move through the ground.							
Tracked machine operation. (excludes rubber tracks).							
Exhaust and hot engine type operations (vehicles, generators, small motors, motorbikes etc). Spark arrestors to be fitted.							
Use of scrub bars, chainsaws, chippers (excludes non steel blades).							
High public use/events that may involve the following: cigarettes/campfires/gas cookers/BBQ/vehicles.	-						
	LOW RISK ACTIVITIES						
General recreation the excludes motorised items. (walking, biking).							

Note: Items in **blue** indicate the requirement has been introduced at that colour code level.

Requirements for	Extinguishers (minimum for all equipment/vehicles)	Water and additional equipment	Additional activity requirements (A reliable method of communication is required for all activities)			
		HIGH RISK AC	TIVITIES			
Welding, grinding, gas cutting, blasting, fireworks, open fires.	2kg dry powder	9 litre pressurised water or foam (AFFF) extinguisher or full 15 litre knapsack. Shovel within 5m of worksite	Only on bare earth / non-flammable or wetted down areas. Patrol for 30 minutes after completion of activity. Wet down area within a min of 4m of the worksite or where sparks may occur.			
		MODERATE RISK	ACTIVITIES			
Roadsides, reserves and general mowing or mulching. (excludes irrigated areas).	2kg dry powder	9 litre pressurised water or foam (AFFF) extinguisher or full 15 litre knapsack, shovel.	Ensure engine compartments are clean. Ensure bearings and other moving parts are greased and in good condition. (Check periodically throughout the activity)			
Forestry operations, including harvesters and thinning.		Consider having 500L of water under pressure, available within 5 minutes when pilot vehicles or similar are supporting roadside mowing operations.	Consider having 500L of water under pressure, available within 5 minutes when pilot vehicles or similar are supporting roadside mowing operations.Where dry or dead grass/scrub is present, consider having ar the operation or where all work can be seen. No smoking in high-risk sites. Designated smoking areas for occurring in other sites.Refuel equipment and store fuel away from operating sites. Clear vegetation around stationary small motors. Don't park v motorbikes etc on dry grass.	the operation or where all work can be seen.		
Land preparation and earthworks including tractors and implements that strike or move through the ground.	-			Refuel equipment and store fuel away from operating sites.		
Tracked machine operation (excludes rubber tracks).	-			Clear vegetation around stationary small motors. Don't park vehicles, motorbikes etc on dry grass.		
Exhaust and hot engine type operations (vehicles, generators, small motors, motorbikes etc). Spark arrestors to be fitted.	-		Events to require a basic fire plan detailing location of fire extinguishers, designated smoking areas, evacuation routes/safety zones and other mitigation specific to the hazards generated by the event and its activities.			
Use of scrub bars, chainsaws, chippers (excludes non steel blades).	-					
High public use/events that may involve the following: cigarettes/ campfires/gas cookers/BBQ/vehicles.						
LOW RISK ACTIVITIES						
General recreation the excludes motorised items. (walking, biking).			Fire Danger Signage to be present.			

Note: Items in **blue** indicate the requirement has been introduced at that colour code level.

Requirements for	Extinguishers (minimum for all equipment/vehicles)	Water and additional equipment	Additional activity requirements (A reliable method of communication is required for all activities)					
HIGH RISK ACTIVITIES								
Welding, grinding, gas cutting, blasting, fireworks, open fires.	2kg dry powder	9 litre pressurised water or foam (AFFF) extinguisher or full 15 litre knapsack. Shovel within 5m of worksite, and 1000L of water under pressure with 60m of hose, available within 2 minutes.	Only on bare earth / non-flammable or wetted down areas. Patrol for 30 minutes after completion of activity. Wet down area within a min of 4m of the worksite or where sparks may occur. Restriction/closure when wind speed is greater than 30km/hr. (equivalent to FWI 30. Extreme)					
		MODERATE RISK	ACTIVITIES					
Roadsides, reserves and general mowing or mulching. (excludes irrigated areas). Forestry operations, including harvesters and thinning.	2kg dry powder 9 litre pressu foam (AFFF) or full 15 litre shovel, and 5 under press of hose, ava	9 litre pressurised water or foam (AFFF) extinguisher or full 15 litre knapsack, shovel, and 500L of water under pressure with 60m of hose, available within 2 minutes for mowing, forestry operations, earthworks, chainsaw and scrub bar	Restriction/closure when wind speed is greater than 30km/hr. (equivalent to FWI 30. Extreme) for mowing, forestry operations, earthworks, chainsaw and scrub bar use, events, and other high public use activities where there is the chance of an ignition. Ensure engine compartments are clean. Ensure bearings and other moving parts are greased and in good condition. (Check periodically throughout the activity)					
Land preparation and earthworks including tractors and implements that strike or move through the ground.			minutes for mowing, forestry operations, earthworks, chainsaw and scrub bar (steel blade) use, events, and other high public use activities where there is the charace of on ignition	Have an observer behind the operation or where all work can be seen where dry or dead grass/scrub is present.				
Tracked machine operation (excludes rubber tracks).	and other high publi activities where ther chance of an ignition	and other high public use activities where there is the chance of an ignition		and other high public use activities where there is the	and other high public use activities where there is the chance of an ignition.	No smoking in high-risk sites. Designated smoking areas for events or activities occurring in other sites.		
Exhaust and hot engine type			Refuel equipment and store fuel away from operating sites.					
small motors, motorbikes etc). Spark			Clear vegetation and wet down around stationary small motors.					
Use of scrub bars, chainsaws,	_		Don't park vehicles, motorbikes etc on dry grass.					
chippers (excludes non steel blades).	_		Events to require a robust fire plan detailing location of fire extinguishers, designated smoking areas, evacuation routes/safety zones and other mitigation specific to the					
High public use/events that may involve the following: cigarettes/		hazards generated by the event and its activities.						
campfires/gas cookers/BBQ/vehicles.			Consider activity restriction/closure (dependant on risk level of activity) when FWI greater than 30km/hr. (equivalent to FWI 30. Extreme).					
		LOW RISK AC	TIVITIES					
General recreation the excludes motorised items. (walking, biking).			Fire Danger Signage to be present. Consider activity restriction/closure (dependant on risk level of activity) when FWI greater than 30. (equivalent to FWI 30. Extreme).					

9

Note: Items in **blue** indicate the requirement has been introduced at that colour code level.

Requirements for	Extinguishers (minimum for all equipment/vehicles)	Water and additional equipment	Additional activity requirements (A reliable method of communication is required for all activities)
		HIGH RISK AC	TIVITIES
Welding, grinding, gas cutting, blasting, fireworks, open fires.	2kg dry powder	Not Permitted (exemptions could be sought for safety requirements).	Not Permitted (exemptions could be sought for safety requirements).
		MODERATE RISK	ACTIVITIES
Roadsides, reserves and general mowing or mulching. (excludes irrigated areas).	2kg dry powder	9 litre pressurised water or foam (AFFF) extinguisher or full 15 litre knapsack, shovel, and 1000L of water under pressure with 60m of hose, available within 2 minutes.	No mowing, forestry operations, small motors, scrub bars, chainsaws, or other mechanised equipment that may cause a spark.
Forestry operations, including harvesters and thinning.			For all other activities, restricted hours of work. No work between 1pm and 7pm, or if wind speed is above 15km/hr. (Equivalent to FWI 30. Extreme). This can be found on the website listed under how to use this quide
Land preparation and earthworks including tractors and implements that strike or move through the ground.			Ensure engine compartments are clean. Ensure bearings and other moving parts are greased and in good condition. <i>(Check periodically throughout the activity).</i>
Tracked machine operation (excludes rubber tracks).			Have an observer behind the operation or where all work can be seen where dry or dead grass/scrub is present.
Exhaust and hot engine type operations	-		No smoking.
motorbikes etc). Spark arrestors to be fitted.	_		Refuel equipment and store fuel away from operating sites.
Use of scrub bars, chainsaws, chippers (excludes non steel blades).			Don't park vehicles, motorbikes etc on dry grass.
High public use/events that may involve the following: cigarettes/campfires/gas	-		Events to require a robust fire plan detailing location of fire extinguishers, designated smoking areas, evacuation routes/safety zones and other mitigation specific to the hazards generated by the event and its activities.
COOKERS/BBQ/VENICIES.			Limit Activities and Events to before 1pm. Activity/event restriction/closure when FWI greater than 30 restriction/closure when wind speed is above 15km/hr. (Equivalent to FWI 30. Extreme) (exemptions may be sought if further mitigation actions are provided, i.e., helicopter on site).
		LOW RISK AC	TIVITIES
General recreation the excludes motorised items. (walking, biking).			Extreme Fire Danger signage to be present. In conjunction with the Reserve Closure Guidelines, it is likely that reserves will be closed.

Case Studies of potential closure days

Based on historical Data (1st December 2018 to 15 March 2023)

Table 1 – Hotworks: Days per year that restrictions/"stop work" would have occurred. (FFMC over 84, FWI over 30 and Grass curing over 85%- plus GC 50 – 85%, FFMC over 92 and FWI over 30, plus GC over 85, FFMC over 92).

Year	Queenstown	Wānaka
2019	2	7
2020	6	18
2021	2	10
2022	3	14
2023	11	23
Total average	5 per year	15 per year

Table 2 – Combined reserve closure and Hotworks: Days per year that restrictions/"stop work" would have occurred. These are the key figures for QLDC contractors and others carrying out activities, and events within high fire risk reserves.

Year	Queenstown	Wānaka
2019	4	7
2020	5	20
2021	2	11
2022	7	16
2023	12	30
Total average	6 per year	17 per year