

# Queenstown Lakes District Proposed District Plan Section 32 Evaluation Variation to Proposed District Plan

For:

**Waste and Recycling Storage Space Provisions** 

Chapter 7 – Lower Density Suburban Residential Zone

Chapter 8 – Medium Density Residential Zone

Chapter 9 – High Density Residential Zone

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#### 1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- 1.1. This variation addresses two issues in relation to waste and recycling storage space of the following chapters of the Proposed District Plan ('PDP'):
  - Chapter 7 Low Density Suburban Residential Zone ('LDSR Zone')
  - Chapter 8 Medium Density Residential Zone ('MDR Zone')
  - Chapter 9 High Density Residential Zone ('HDR Zone')
- 1.2. This proposal will assist the Council to fulfil its statutory functions and responsibilities as required by the Resource Management Act 1991 ('the Act' or 'the RMA'). The new provisions are considered to be an appropriate way to achieve the purpose of the Act as they would require space to manage waste generated by activities and development which provides for the wellbeing and health of the community, whilst appropriately managing adverse effects.
- 1.3. This variation seeks to vary the non-compliance status for breaches to waste and recycling storage space standards from non-complying to restricted discretionary, and vary the standards to give effect to better waste management practices and the Queenstown Lakes District Council's (**Council**) new bin contracts. The proposed provisions are considered the most appropriate way to achieve the objectives and purpose of the variation as the benefits outweigh the costs that are expected.

#### 2. INTRODUCTION

- 2.1. Section 32 of the Act requires objectives in plan change proposals to be examined for their appropriateness in achieving the purpose of the Act, and the policies and methods of those proposals to be examined for their costs, benefits, efficiency, effectiveness and risk in achieving the objectives.
- 2.2. This variation proposes three key changes:
  - a) Changes to the status for breaches of waste and recycling storage space standards from non-complying to restricted discretionary across all relevant chapters.
  - b) Additional matters of discretion which address the effects of waste and recycling storage space on amenity values, consistency with the Residential Design Guide 2019 and the size, location and accessibility to the waste and recycling bins
  - c) Changes to the standards to accommodate Council's new bin contracts, specifically to the MDR and HDR chapters

- 2.3. The changes identified above do not change or introduce any PDP objectives and policies. The purpose of this variation is to ensure that the PDP applies an appropriate level of regulation to control the effects of waste and recycling storage space.
- 2.4. Addressing the changes set above will result in a more appropriate regime of managing the effects of activities in the relevant zones listed in paragraph 1.1, and is consistent with achieving the purpose of the Act.

#### 3. STRUCTURE OF THE REPORT

- 3.1. This report fulfils the obligations of the Council under section 32 of the Act. The analysis set out below should be read together with the text of the chapters listed in paragraph 1.1 of this report.
- 3.2. This report provides an analysis of the key issues, objectives and the policy response proposed by the variation as required by s32 of the RMA, using the following sections:
  - a) The **Consultation** undertaken, including engagement with iwi authorities on the draft plan.
  - b) An overview of the applicable **Statutory Policy Context**
  - Description of the Non-Statutory Context (strategies, studies and community plans),
     which have informed the proposed provisions
  - d) A description of the Resource Management Issues, which provide the driver for the proposed provisions;
  - e) An **Evaluation** against Section 32(1)(a) and Section 32(1)(b) of the Act, that is
    - (a) Whether the objectives are the most appropriate way to achieve the RMA's purpose (Section 32(1)(a)).
    - (b) Whether the provisions (policies and methods) are the most appropriate way to achieve the objectives (Section 32(1)(b)), including:
      - i. identifying other reasonably practicable options for achieving the objectives
      - assessing the efficiency and effectiveness of the provisions in achieving the objectives, and
      - iii. summarising the reasons for deciding on the provisions
  - f) A level of detail that corresponds to the scale and significance of the environmental, economic, social and cultural effects that are anticipated from the implementation of the proposal

#### 4. CONSULTATION

4.1. Consultation with Aukaha, who also provide advice on behalf of Te Ao Mārama, was undertaken between 9 July and 28 July 2019. Aukaha did not request any changes to the draft provisions and did not provide any comment regarding this proposal.

#### 5. STATUTORY POLICY CONTEXT

- 5.1. The relevant requirements of the RMA, the Local Government Act 2002, and the two iwi management plans that apply in the District<sup>1</sup> have been given appropriate regard in the preparation of this proposal. There are no National Policy Statements or National Environment Standards relevant to this proposal. The relevant provisions of the Otago Regional Policy Statement, both operative and proposed, have been considered in the preparation of this proposal. This proposal is required to give effect to the operative provisions of the RPS and have regard to the proposed provisions.
- 5.2. These national and regional level documents have been considered in the preparation of the PDP, including the relevant chapters that are subject to this variation. The PDP provisions are considered to appropriately implement and give effect to these documents. There are no provisions in these documents that require additional consideration in the case of this variation, over and above consideration of the provisions of the PDP.
- 5.3. The proposed variations to the waste and recycling storage space provisions have been developed in accordance with QLDC's function under Section 31 to manage the potential adverse effects of urban growth and development.
- 5.4. Resolving the various issues within the notified provision of *waste and recycling storage space* will ensure that the provision is clear, unambiguous and useful to plan users, which will effectively enable sustainable management and this variation to be used as a means to achieve the purpose of the Act.
- 5.7. Sustainable management under the RMA includes enabling social, economic and cultural wellbeing for present and future generations. The RPS and PRPS emphasises on the need for resource management decisions to recognise that the wellbeing of the community depends on the use, development and protection of natural and physical resources. Several objectives and policies within the RPS and PRPS are relevant to the variation to the waste and recycling storage space provision, and recognises the need to avoid significant adverse effects of activities and ensuring that urban developments are

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Cry of the People, Te Tangi a Tauira: Ngãi Tahu ki Murihiku Natural Resource and Environmental Iwi Management Plan 2008 (MNRMP 2008), and Kāi Tahu ki Otago Natural Resource Management Plan 2005 (KTKO NRMP 2005)

designed in a way, which relates well to the surrounding environment and contributes positively to the community and the place.

5.2. The changes to the PDP provisions for *waste and recycling storage space* that are considered here-in are for administrative purposes. The changes enable more effective and efficient implementation of the objectives and provisions considered in the various s32 analyses for Stage 1, 2 and 3 of the District Plan Review, which include assessments of the degree of consistency with the RPS and PRPS. As such, it is not considered necessary to duplicate that analysis, other than to confirm that the proposed changes give effect to the operative RPS and have regard to the PRPS.

#### **Proposed District Plan – Notified 26 August 2015**

5.9. The following objectives and policies (or parts thereof) of the PDP (Part 2 Strategic) are relevant to the waste and recycling storage space provisions, and the affected Chapters listed in Section 1.1 of this report. The provisions within the chapters should take into account and give effect to these higher order provisions:

#### **Strategic Direction Chapter 3**

| Reference       | Detail   |
|-----------------|--|
| Objective 3.2.2 | Urban growth is managed in a strategic and integrated manner   |
| Policy 3.2.2.1  | Urban development occurs in a logical manner so as to:  c. achieve a built environment that provides desirable, healthy and safe places to live, work and play |
| Objective 3.2.6 | The District's residents and communities are able to provide for their social, cultural and economic wellbeing and their health and safety                     |

#### **Low Density Residential**

| Objective or provision | Detail   |
|------------------------|--|
| Objective 7.2.3        | Encourage higher density development where it responds sensitively to the context and character of the locality and is designed to maintain local amenity values   |
| Policy 7.2.3.3         | Encourage landscaped areas to be well-designed and integrated into the development layout and design, providing high amenity spaces for recreation and enjoyment, having particular regard to the visual amenity of streets and street frontages |

# **Medium Density Residential**

| Objective or    | Detail  |  |  |
|-----------------|---|--|--|
| provision       |   |  |  |
| Objective 8.2.2 | Development contributes to the creation of a new, high quality built character within the zone through quality urban design solutions which positively respond to the site, neighbourhood and wider context   |  |  |
| Policy 8.2.2.5  | Ensure landscaped areas are well designed and integrated into the design of developments, providing high amenity spaces for residents, and to soften the visu impact of development, with particular regard to any street frontage(s).  |  |  |
| Objective 8.2.3 | Development provides high quality living environments for residents and provides reasonable maintenance of amenity values enjoyed on adjoining sties taking into account the changed future character intended within the zone  |  |  |
| Policy 8.2.3.2  | Where a resource consent is required for new development, reasonably minimise the adverse effects of the new development on the amenity values enjoyed by occupants of adjoining sites, and have particular regard to the maintenance of privacy for occupants of the development site and neighbouring sites through the application of setbacks, offsetting of habitable room windows from one another, screening or other means. |  |  |
| Policy 8.2.6.1  | Enable the establishment of community activities where adverse effects on residential amenity values including noise, traffic, lighting, glare and visual impact can be avoided or mitigated  |  |  |

# **High Density Residential**

| Objective or provision | Detail   |  |  |  |
|------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Objective 9.2.2        | High density residential development provides a positive contribution to the environment through quality urban design  |  |  |  |
| Policy 9.2.2.1         | Use landscaped areas to add to the visual amenity values of the development for site residents or visitors, neighbours, and the wider public   |  |  |  |
| Objective 9.2.3        | High density residential development maintains a minimum of existing amenity values for neighbouring sites as part of positively contributing to the urban amenity values sought within the zone |  |  |  |
| Policy 9.2.3.2         | Ensure the amenity values of neighbours are adequately maintained  |  |  |  |

| Objective 9.2.4 | Small-scale community activities are provided for where they are best located in a    |  |
|-----------------|---|--|
|                 | residential environment close to residents  |  |
| Policy 9.2.4.1  | Enable the establishment of small-scale community activities where adverse effects    |  |
|                 | on residential amenity values such as noise, traffic and visual impact can be avoided |  |
|                 | or mitigated  |  |

#### **Other Council Documents Considered**

- 5.10. The documents and projects have informed this Section 32 evaluation.
  - Residential Design Guide 2019
  - Waste Recycling Strategy

#### 6. RESOURCE MANAGEMENT ISSUES

#### ISSUE 1 – STRINGENT NOTIFIED PROVISION

6.1. The Independent Hearing Panel (IHP) recommended, through the course of Stage 1 Hearings<sup>2</sup>, that the Council should consider a variation to the waste and recycling storage space provisions in the residential zones, by changing the non-complying activity status to restricted discretionary. This will result in a more permissive provision. It was considered that the status for non-compliance was overly stringent.

#### ISSUE 2 - INADEQUATE SPACE FOR WASTE AND RECYCLING STORAGE IN MDR AND HDR ZONES

6.2. The PDP waste and recycling storage space provisions require insufficient space to be provided in new developments to adequately provide for the Council's new waste and recycling bin contract. The IHP agreed that the waste and recycling and storage requirements have been poorly justified, specifically for MDR and HDR Zones. The IHP recommended that the Council consider a variation to the waste and recycling storage provisions, specifically a justified provision relating to waste collection areas and justified restriction on the placement of these areas<sup>3</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Hearing Panel Report 09A Stream 6 – Paragraph 482

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Hearing Panel Report 09A Stream 6 –Paragraph 688d

#### 7. SCALE AND SIGNIFICANCE EVALUATION

- 7.1. The level of detailed analysis in this report is **low**, to reflect the scale and significance of the effects of the implementation of the proposed provisions. The implementation of the provisions would have positive effects in that they would improve the administration of the current provisions and allow greater flexibility. In making this assessment, regard has been had to the following, namely whether the proposed objectives and provisions:
  - Result in a significant variance from the existing baseline in the Proposed District Plan to the relevant chapters;
  - Have effects of national importance
  - Adversely affect those with specific interests
  - Involve effects that have been considered implicitly or explicitly by higher order documents
  - Impose increased costs or restrictions on individuals, communities or businesses
  - Are more appropriate than the existing provisions.
- 7.2. The level of detail of analysis in this report is low, given this analysis is an evaluation for a variation to a very discrete set of provisions, to address minor issues with the identified PDP provisions.
- 7.3. In summary, the proposal will result in variance from the existing baseline, however in most instances the current approach to managing the effects of waste and recycling storage space is recommended to remain.

#### 8. EVALUATION OF PROPOSED OBJECTIVES SECTION 32(1)(a)

- 8.1. The identification and analysis of issues has helped define how Section 5 of the RMA should be applied.
  This has informed determination of the most appropriate objectives to give effect to Section 5 of the RMA in light of the issues.
- 8.2. Section 32(1)(a) requires an examination of the extent to which the proposed objectives are the most appropriate way to achieve the purpose of the Act.
- 8.3. The changes identified above do not change or introduce any objectives and policies. The purpose of this variation is to ensure that the PDP applies an appropriate level of regulation to control the effects of waste and recycling storage space, that achieves the purpose of the Act.

## 9. EVALUATION OF THE PROPOSED PROVISIONS SECTION 32(1)(b)

9.1. The following tables consider whether the proposed provisions are the most appropriate way to achieve the purpose of the variation and the relevant PDP objectives. In doing so, it considers the costs and benefits of the proposed provisions and whether they are effective and efficient.

#### 10. REASONABLY PRACTICABLE OPTIONS

#### Option 1: Retain existing provision (PDP Status quo)

Retain the current waste and recycling storage space provision

#### **Option 2: Review Rule**

Review rule to match the current Council waste contracts

Amend status of breaches to waste and recycling storage space standards from non-complying to restricted discretionary, add matters of discretion

#### Option 3: Delete waste and recycling storage space standards

Delete current waste and recycling storage space standards

|         | Option 1: Status Quo   | Option 2: Review Rule – size   | Option 3: Delete Rule  |
|---------|--|--|--|
| Cost    | Does not address the Council's new waste contracts, and would retain what appears to be an inconsistent and onerous provision.  Non-complying activity resource consent requirements are likely to impose considerable cost and assessment obligations.  Results in lack of space for waste and recycling storage, specifically in zones of higher density. A lack of space for waste and recycling storage will produce adverse visual and social effects  Implementing onerous activity status may result in a 'one size fits all' approach, which may not be appropriate for some contexts. | Would result in change from the status quo – Plan users will need to become familiar with new provisions  If bin contracts were to change in the future, a further plan change may be required.  | May change the character of zones and may cause adverse effects on the surrounding environment as space for the storage of waste and recycling will not be required on sites.  There is no other standard that will address this effect; therefore, the effects will not be managed appropriately. |
| Benefit | More certain pathway to consider resource consents for activities which require waste and recycling storage space.   | More straightforward plan implementation, more flexibility in plan administration as noncompliant activities are managed through the matters of discretion  Plan users are provided with a greater degree of certainty in regard to type of matters that need to be considered in any necessary resource consent applications.  Restricted discretionary resource consent applications are less onerous in terms of cost and assessments expectations. The activity status and identified matters of discretion provide certainty to Plan users, whist providing the opportunity for an application to be declined in the event that the identified matters are not appropriately addressed. | Flexibility in plan administration, one less rule to consider through the consenting process.  Provides developers with greater flexibility to use space on sites for other purposes.  Provides for innovation on sites in terms of the provision of waste and recycling storage space.            |
| Ranking | 2  | 1  | 3  |

|               | Option 1: Status Quo   | Option 2: Review Rule – size   | Option 3: Delete Rule   |
|---------------|--|--|---|
| Effectiveness | This option would not achieve the certainty of plan administration that would be achieved by option 2.  This option addresses standards in relation to waste and recycling storage space, however is difficult to implement as the activity status in an onerous requirement, given the limited anticipated adverse effects that would result from breaching the current standards.  The activity status is considered to be overly stringent, considering the | This option is the most appropriate and effective as it addresses the waste and recycling standard whilst ensuring that the standard is easier to implement.  The standard is not overly stringent given the matter it addresses | This option is ineffective as it does not address the effects of waste and recycling storage space at all within the identified chapters of the PDP.  Effects of waste and recycling storage spaces are important, especially in zones where residential intensification is encouraged, and therefore it is appropriate for this matter to be addressed within the PDP. |
| Efficiency    | matter it addresses  This approach is low cost as it would not require any changes to the plan, and no requirement to assess the option within an evaluation report. However, it would not address the identified issue, and is therefore not an efficient option.   | This approach has associated costs as it would require a change through the Schedule 1 RMA process, however will be more efficient in the long term.   | This option is inefficient in addressing the objectives, as it would provide for uncontrolled waste and recycling storage that would result in conditions in the zones that may adversely affect their character and amenity.   |

# **11. EFFICIENCY AND EFFECTIVENESS**

11.1. The following table considers the efficiency and effectiveness of the proposed provisions, including their costs and benefits

| Proposed Provisions  | Costs                            | Benefits                              | Effectiveness, Efficiency and        |
|--|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
|  |                                  |                                       | Appropriateness                      |
| Low Density Residential Chapter                                | Environmental and Economic       | Economic and Social                   | The deletion of the part of the rule |
| Deletion of part of the rule related to minimum space          |                                  |                                       | related to minimum space required    |
| required for waste and recycling storage and change to the     | There are considered to be no    | The site coverage provision within    | for waste and recycling will ensure  |
| following:   | costs identified in the deletion | the LDSR Zone chapter should          | efficiency in the consenting process |
|  | and addition to this rule in the | address sufficient space for waste    | within the Low Density Residential   |
| 7.5.12.1 Residential activities shall provide sufficient space | LDR zone.                        | and storage. It is therefore more     | zones, as it will be covered in the  |
| for waste and recycling bins                                   |                                  | efficient to delete the part of the   | provision related to site coverage.  |
| 7.5.12.2 All developments shall suitably screen waste and      |                                  | rule in relation to minimum space     |                                      |
| recycling storage space from the road or public space, in      |                                  | requirements in the LDSR zone.        | In applying this deletion, it will   |
| keeping with the building development, or provide space        |                                  | This will remove repetition in the    | increase simplicity in plan          |
| within the development that can be easily accessed by          |                                  | ·                                     |                                      |
| waste and recycling collections                                |                                  | plan, as this is addressed within the | implementation and compliance.       |
|  |                                  | plan and through the matters of       |                                      |
| 7.5.12.2 Waste and recycling storage space shall be:           |                                  | discretion.                           |                                      |
|  |                                  |                                       |                                      |
| a) located where it is easy to manoeuvre for kerbside          |                                  |                                       |                                      |
| collections and avoid impeding vehicle movements within        |                                  |                                       |                                      |
| and through the site; and                                      |                                  |                                       |                                      |
| b) not directly visible from adjacent sites, roads and public  |                                  |                                       |                                      |
| <u>spaces</u>  |                                  |                                       |                                      |

| Proposed Provisions   | Costs                        | Benefits   | Effectiveness,<br>Efficiency and<br>Appropriateness |
|---|------------------------------|--|---|
| Medium Density Residential and High Density   | There are considered to no   | Economic and Social                                      | The variation of the                                |
| Residential Zones   | social or environmental      |  | part of the rule in                                 |
| Variation to part of the rule related to minimum space  | costs in the deletion and    | Higher density areas, specifically within the MDR and    | relation to minimum                                 |
| required for waste and recycling storage, to the following:   | variation of this provision. | HDR zones, are more likely to generate nuisance in       | space of waste and                                  |
| Waste and Recycling Storage Space   |                              | relation to waste and recycling storage. It is           | recycling storage will                              |
| 8.5.10.1 Residential activities shall provide, <del>as</del> a minimum  | There is a minor economic    | therefore beneficial for developments to incorporate     | ensure sufficient                                   |
| of, 2m <sup>2</sup> space for waste and recycling storage a 120 litre   | cost to developers in        | 2m² for waste and recycling storage space, to suit       | space is provided                                   |
| residential wheelie bin and 240 litres recycling wheelie bin per for each residential unit or flat                  | applying this provision to   | the new waste management contracts adopted by            | within the HDR Zone,                                |
|   | provide space for waste and  | the Council, and to accommodate for the future           | to accommodate for                                  |
| 8.5.10.2 All developments shall suitably screen waste and recycling storage space from the road or public space, in | recycling storage space,     | organics bin that may be proposed.                       | the new wheelie bin                                 |
| keeping with the building development, or provide space   | however, it will create long |  | contracts. This will                                |
| within the development that can be easily accessed by waste and recycling collections                               | term benefits which prevent  | The deletion of the part of the rule related to          | appropriately address                               |
| waste and recycling collections   | visual and social adverse    | screening will allow more flexibility in the provision.  | the requirement for                                 |
| Waste and recycling bins shall be:  | effects to the environment.  | In place, an additional provision, which provides        | bins to be stored in a                              |
| a) located where it is easy to manoeuvre for kerbside collections and avoid impeding vehicle movements within       |                              | flexibility for the bins to either, be stored in a place | place which does not                                |
| and through the site; and   |                              | that is not visible from adjacent sites, roads and       | affect amenity values                               |
| b) not directly visible from adjacent sites, roads and public   |                              | public spaces, or, screened.                             | in the area whilst                                  |
| spaces; or  |                              |  | encouraging   |
| c) screened with materials that are in keeping with the   |                              | In applying these variations to the provisions, it will  | appropriate   |
| design of the building  |                              | allow more flexibility in plan implementation and        | management of                                       |
|   |                              | therefore save financial costs in the consenting         | household waste and                                 |
|   |                              | process.   | recycling.  |

| Proposed Provisions  | Costs                                 | Benefits                                      | Effectiveness, Efficiency and                 |
|--|---------------------------------------|---|---|
|  |                                       |   | Appropriateness                               |
| Low Density Residential, Medium  | . The notified provision holds a      | The proposed provision identifies specific    | The provision is considered efficient in      |
| Density Residential and High Density   | non-complying activity status         | matters of discretion against which the       | cost, as it applies a less stringent activity |
| Residential  | which is considered overly            | activity will be assessed. In applying this   | status.                                       |
| Variation of non-compliance status to  | prescriptive, making it more          | provision as a restricted discretionary       |   |
| <u>Restricted Discretionary</u> and an   | difficult and costly to obtain a      | activity, it provides greater certainty and a | The provision is an effective way in          |
| additional matter of discretion which  | resource consent in the event the     | clear interpretation for plan users in        | achieving the purpose of the proposal,        |
| specifies the following:   | standard is breached. A restricted    | regard to the effects Council will be         | which is to manage the effects of waste       |
| NC RD  | discretionary activity status is more | assessing.                                    | and recycling storage in residential zones.   |
| <u>Discretion is restricted to:</u>  | appropriate and efficient in          |   |   |
| a. <u>Effects on amenity values</u>  | managing the effects of waste and     | There would be social and cultural            | The use of a Restricted Discretionary         |
| b. <u>Size</u>   | recycling.                            | benefits from the implementation of the       | activity status, is considered more efficient |
| <ul><li>c. <u>Location and access</u></li><li>d. <u>Consistency with the</u></li></ul> |                                       | provision, as it more clearly seeks to        | in addressing this rule, in comparison to     |
| Residential Design Guide 2019  |                                       | manage the effects of waste and recycling     | requiring compliance with a non-              |
|  |                                       | clutter. This provision addresses and         | complying activity status which anticipates   |
|  |                                       | respects environments within high-density     | the activity to not occur in the area. The    |
|  |                                       | areas, by protecting amenity values from      | restricted discretionary activity status      |
|  |                                       | waste.  | allows for enough regulation, whilst          |
|  |                                       |   | allowing for easier compliance at an ad-      |
|  |                                       |   | hoc basis, as effects are specifically        |
|  |                                       |   | outlined.                                     |

#### 12. REASONS FOR DECIDING ON THE PROVISIONS

- 12.1. The proposed provisions are considered the most appropriate because:
  - a) They are efficient and effective at achieving the purpose of the variation.
  - b) The provisions are in accordance with the relevant objectives and policies of the following chapters of the Proposed District Plan:
    - Chapter 3 Strategic Direction
    - Chapter 4 Urban Development
    - Chapter 5 Tangata Whenua
    - Chapter 7 Low Density Suburban Residential Zone
    - Chapter 8 Medium Density Residential Zone
    - Chapter 9 High Density Residential Zone
  - c) They are in accordance with the functions of territorial authorities in s31 of the RMA and the sustainable management purpose of Part 2 of the RMA.
  - d) The proposed provisions implement an existing planning framework that gives effect to the operative Otago PRS.
  - e) Regard has been had to the Proposed Otago RPS and account has been taken of the following documents:
    - Two Iwi Management Plans
    - Draft Waste Management and Minimisation Plan 2018

## **APPENDICES**

#### APPENDIX A: NOTIFIED WASTE AND RECYCLING STORAGE SPACE PROVISION COMPARISON

The changes to the notified provision of waste and recycling storage space that are considered here-in are for administrative purposes. The changes enable more effective and efficient implementation of the objectives and provisions

|           | 7 Low Density Suburban Residential Zone   | 8 Medium Density Residential Zone   | 9 High Density Residential Zone  |
|-----------|---|---|--|
|           |   |   |  |
| Location  | Standards for activities located in the Low   | Standards for activities located in the Medium  | Standards for activities located in the High   |
|           | Density Suburban Residential Zone   | Density Residential Zone  | Density Residential Zone   |
| Title     | Waste and Recycling Storage Space   | Waste and Recycling Storage Space   | Waste and Recycling Storage Space  |
| Direction | Residential activities of three units or less shall provide, as a minimum, space for a 120 litre residential wheelie bin and 240 litres recycling wheelie bin per unit. | Residential activities of three units or less shall provide, as a minimum, space for a 120 litre residential wheelie bin and 240 litres recycling wheelie bin per unit. | Residential activities of three units or less shall provide, as a minimum, space for a 120 litre residential wheelie bin and 240 litres recycling wheelie bin per unit |

| Maximum | All developments shall screen waste and       | All developments shall screen waste and       | All developments shall screen waste and       |
|---------|---|---|---|
|         | recycling storage space from neighbours, a    | recycling storage space from neighbours, a    | recycling storage space from neighbours, a    |
|         | road or public place, in keeping with the     | road or public place, in keeping with the     | road or public place, in keeping with the     |
|         | building development or, provide space within | building development or, provide space within | building development or, provide space within |
|         | the development that can be easily accessed   | the development that can be easily accessed   | the development that can be easily accessed   |
|         | by waste and recycling collections            | by waste and recycling collections            | by waste and recycling collections            |
|         |   |   |   |
|         |   |   |   |
| Status  | NC  | NC  | NC  |

# **APPENDIX B: VARIATIONS TO RELEVANT CHAPTERS**

# Variation to the Proposed District Plan

# Variation to Chapter 7 - Lower Density Suburban Residential

<u>Underlined</u> text for additions and <del>strike through</del> text for deletions.

#### 7.5 Rules - Standards

|        | Standards for activities located in the Low Density Residential Zone  | Non-compliance status   |
|--------|---|---|
| 7.5.12 | Waste and Recycling Storage Space 7.5.12.1 Residential activities shall provide sufficient space, as a minimum, space for a 120 litre residential wheelie bin and 240 litres recycling wheelie bins for waste and recycling bins per residential unit. 7.5.12.2 All developments shall suitably screen waste and recycling storage space from the road or public space, in keeping with the building development, or provide space within the development that can be easily accessed by waste and recycling collections 7.5.12.2 Waste and recycling bins shall be:  a. located where it is easy to manoeuvre for kerbside collections and avoid impeding vehicle movements within and through the site; and  b. not directly visible from adjacent sites, roads and public spaces; or  c. screened with materials that are in keeping with the design of the building | NC RD  Discretion is restricted to:  a. Effects on amenity values;  b. Size, location and access of waste and recycling storage space; and  c. Consistency with the Residential Design Guide 2019 |

# Variation to Chapter 8 - Medium Density Residential

<u>Underlined</u> text for additions and <del>strike through</del> text for deletions.

# 8.5 Rules - Standards

|        | Standards for activities located in the Medium Density Residential Zone   | Non-compliance status  |
|--------|---|--|
| 8.5.10 | Waste and Recycling Storage Space  8.5.10.1 Residential activities shall provide, as a minimum of, 2m² space for a 120 litre residential wheelie bin and 240 litres recycling wheelie bin per waste and recycling storage per residential unit or flat  8.5.10.2 All developments shall suitably screen waste and recycling storage space from the road or public space, in keeping with the building development, or provide space within the development that can be easily accessed by waste and recycling collections | Discretion is restricted to:  a. Effects on amenity values;  b. Size, location and access of waste and recycling storage space; and  c. Consistency with the Residential Design Guide 2019 |
|        | a. located where it is easy to manoeuvre for  |  |
|        | kerbside collections and avoid impeding vehicle movements within and through the site; and  |  |
|        | b. not directly visible from adjacent sites, roads and public spaces; or  |  |
|        | c. screened with materials that are in keeping with the design of the building  |  |

# Variation to Chapter 9 - High Density Residential:

 $\underline{\textbf{Underlined}} \ \textbf{text for additions and } \\ \underline{\textbf{strike through}} \ \textbf{text for deletions}.$ 

# 9.5 Rules - Standards

| te and Recycling Storage Space  1.1 Residential activities shall provide, as a mum of, 2m² space for a 120 litre residential elie bin and 240 litres recycling wheelie bin per e and recycling storage per residential unit or  0.2 All developments shall suitably screen | NC RD  Discretion is restricted to:  a. Effects on amenity values;  b. Size, location and access of waste and recycling storage      |
|--|--|
| 0.2 All dovolonments shall suitably screen   | Discretion is restricted to:  a. Effects on amenity values;  b. Size, location and access of   |
| e and recycling storage space from the road or c space, in keeping with the building lopment, or provide space within the lopment that can be easily accessed by waste recycling collections   | c. Consistency with the Residential Design Guide 2019  |
| .2 Waste and recycling bins shall be:  located where it is easy to manoeuvre for kerbside collections and avoid impeding vehicle movements within and through the site; and  |  |
| not directly visible from adjacent sites, roads and public spaces; or  |  |
|  | located where it is easy to manoeuvre for kerbside collections and avoid impeding vehicle movements within and through the site; and |

# 9.4 Rules - Activities

|       |   |  | T  |
|-------|---|--|----|
| 9.4.5 | Residential Unit comprising four (4) or more per site  Discretion is restricted to: |  | RD |
|       |   |  |    |
|       | a.  | location, external appearance, site layout and design of buildings and fences and how the development addresses its context to contribute positively to the character of the area; |    |
|       | b.  | building dominance and sunlight access relative to neighbouring properties and public spaces including roads;  |    |
|       | c.  | how the design advances housing diversity and promotes sustainability either through construction methods, design or function;   |    |
|       | d.  | privacy for occupants of the subject site and neighbouring sites;  |    |
|       | e.  | street activation;   |    |
|       | f.  | parking and access layout: safety, efficiency and impacts on on-street parking and neighbours;   |    |
|       | g.  | design and integration of landscaping;   |    |
|       | h.  | the location, size, access, design of screening of waste and recycling storage space   |    |
|       | i.  | consistency with the Residential Design Guide 2019   |    |
|       | And subsequent renumbering of existing matters of                                   |  |    |
|       | disc  | cretion 9.4.5 and cross referencing in other chapters  |    |